NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean county, outside of Bradford.

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McKean County Miner

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[CONTINUED.]

An hour's toil brought him to an island. He remembered it on his map as Williams island and knew that it was about two miles long. He recalled the fact that the only creek flowing into the river in this vicinity entered it midway between the north and south end of this island and on his right, if he remembered aright. He had about a mile to go to reach the mouth of this creek.

Striking out, he directed his course to the eastward of the island and swam very near to the east bank of the river. Along this he floated with scarcely a stroke, except to keep in close to the shore, watching eagerly for the mouth of the creek. Fortunately when he reached it he discovered it and where he had supposed he would find it. With a few lusty strokes he was in it and soon at a place where he could rest in the water with his feet on terra firma.

But the knowledge that the dogs would soon be upon him prevented a rest of long duration. Perhaps a party would cross the neck of Moccasin point, thus cutting off a greater part of the long distance over which he had floated. The thought added new terror, and he began to wade and to swim alternately as was necessary up the creek. Presently he came to the crossing of a road. He drew himself up out of it and looked around. As a scout he had long been accustomed to keep his mind fixed on points along the paths he traveled in order that he might know them again. As soon as he saw the little bridge—if it could be called a bridge—he knew that he was on the Chattanooga pike over which he had passed a few days before and at the junction of the creek running near the Fains plantation.

Mark had not considered what he would do in case he should succeed in getting safely across the river. While in jail he felt that once out and across the Tennessee he would feel assured of safety. Now this had been accomplished he began to realize that but half the battle had been won. Indeed there were more chances that he would be retaken than that he would ever reach the Union lines.

He wrung the water from his clothes and put them on, shielding his face with his sombrero, for though he had no mirror to inspect his features he fancied they must be [illegible] with burnt cork affected by water. Then setting out toward the Fain plantation he deliberated what he should do.

It was between eleven and twelve o'clock when Mark, [illegible] by the [illegible] to the [illegible] and he knew that all the Fains were asleep. He reached the corner of the yard and was about to enter it when he heard a clatter of hoofs behind him. He had hardly time to vault the fence and crouch behind it when a troop of horsemen crossed the bridge over the creek. They drew rein on the hither side not a hundred yards away from him. Mark heard a voice:

"Lieutenant, take ten men and scour the bank of the river from this point to the next creek, where I will make another detail."

The lieutenant with his men broke away from the column, which moved forward, passing within fifty feet of where Mark lay crouching.

Mark was for a few moments so completely overcome by the narrowness of his escape that he seemed to have no power to move. If he had been five minutes later his capture would have been almost certain, for they would likely have discovered him between the road and the river, which space they were evidently intending to scour.

He [illegible] the [illegible] of the fence [illegible] the negro quarters in the rear. He feared that the dogs were loose in the yard and that he would have trouble with them. He therefore [illegible] along till he came to the negro cabins. All [illegible] asleep, [illegible] night near the house gave [illegible] Mark paused a moment and listened, then entering the grounds he walked in a stooping posture, keeping one of the cabins between him and the dog. He wanted to reach the rear [illegible]

Mark felt assured that, unless he could be concealed in some place where searchers would not be likely to intrude, he would be lost. He well knew that every foot of ground within five [illegible] of Chattanooga would be alive with people hunting for him. The negro cabins would not be safe from a searching party [illegible] respect them. There was but one chance for him. He must effect an entrance into the Fain house and that with the knowledge as to his true character of but one person, Laura Fain.

He reached the negro cabin and knocked.

"Who dar?"

"Whar Uncle Dan'l sleep?"

"Nex' to de lef'."

Mark went as directed and called up Uncle Daniel. He heard a movement as of some one getting up and presently the old man stood at the open door.

"Uncle, I'se got a message fo' yo' young mistress."

"Who from?"

"Do po' white man what war hyar las' week wid he little brudder."

"Nice man dat. Hab he got in trouble?"

"Nebber mind dat, uncle. Go in de house an wake up Missie Laura."

"Ain't got no key."

"Can't yo' wake up some one inside?"

"Why don' yo' wait till mornen?"

"Can't do dat no how. De message mus' be giben at once."

"Waal," said Daniel at last, "I do what I can fo' dat man; he berry fine gentleman ef he war po' white."

Mark followed the old man to the rear door of the basement. On the way a huge dog bounded at them, but seeing Daniel his fierceness ended in play. Daniel succeeded in waking a negro woman who slept within; the door was opened, and they stepped inside.

"Go tell Missie Laura a culled gal want to speak to her right off. Say she got message from de man what war hyar wid he little brudder," said Daniel.

"At dis time o' night?"

"Tas de message mus' be delibered right away," said Mark. "Don' wake no one but Missie Laura. Tread softly."

The woman lighted a candle and went off with it grumbling, leaving Mark and Daniel in the dark. They waited for perhaps ten minutes, when they heard steps and saw the light returning. The negro woman was followed by Laura Fain, dressed in a wrapper. She knew Mark from the moment she saw him, but pretended only to see a negro girl.

"Hab message fo' yo', Missie Laura, but cain't tell it to yo' widout dese nig-gers git away."

"Come with me."

She took the candle and led the way to the dining room above, leaving the two colored people below. Then she turned to Mark.

"Why in heaven's name did you come back here?"

"It was a choice between life and death. I escaped this evening from Chattanooga, where I was to be hanged tomorrow morning. Every place of concealment on this side of the river will be entered and searched. If concealed in this house, occupied by a family of white people and Confederates, I may not be found. Otherwise my recapture is certain."

She thought a moment, rubbing her palms together, as was her habit when excited. Then she called to the servants below:

"Go to bed, Uncle Daniel, and you, too, auntie. This girl is worn out with traveling, and I am going to fix a place for her to sleep."

Then turning to Mark she motioned him to follow her.

They went up two flights of stairs, stepping on tiptoe, and at last reached a landing from which a pair of steps led to a trap door.

"Go up there," she whispered.

Mark climbed the stairs, pushed the trap open and entered the inclosure of the roof. Before lowering the door he looked back to whisper a "God bless you," but all was dark. Laura had gone.

CHAPTER XIV.

MARK'S KEEPER.

She was standing on the ladder with the tray in her hand.

Mark stood for a moment looking about him. There were dormer windows, which let in the moonlight so that he could distinctly see everything in the room. Some trunks were piled in one corner, and in another some furniture. Among the latter he noticed a lounge with threadbare upholstery, and taking it in his arms carried it, treading softly, to one of the windows at the front of the house. The room was very hot, and he raised the sash, moving it with great care so as not to make any sound. Then he sat down on the lounge, and looking out of the window began to meditate on his situation.

While thus engaged he heard a light tap at the trap door. Opening it he saw a bundle extended by the hand of his preserver. He took it and let the door down; the trap—Miss Fain [illegible] a word—he unrolled it. There were complete suits of under and other garments, the property of Miss Fain's brother.

The getting off of his damp garments and donning snow white linen was a grateful sensation to Mark. Having put on what he needed for the night he laid himself down on the lounge. From his window he could see the Tennessee rolling in the moonlight half a mile away. He thought how much more comfortable he was in his dry clothes than he had been floating in the water. Then he heard the bark of hounds. They were on the water's edge and he knew by the sounds that they were endeavoring to pick up the scent of his tracks.

"Bark on," he said. "When I leave this I'll take with me something to die with. I'll not be taken alive, and if I meet you some of you shall roll over."

Then there came an inexpressible gratitude. He felt thankful to Souri, thankful to Jakey, thankful to Laura Fain, thankful to his God. There was something especially engaging in Miss Fain's efforts on his behalf inasmuch as she regarded him an enemy to her country. He thought of Souri in prison waiting for old Triggs to discover her deception. What would they do to her? And Jakey? Would they injure a mere boy? He vowed that if he should escape and outlive the war he would find out just what had happened, and if either had been harshly treated he would have his revenge.

Musing he fell asleep, but he soon awoke. It was past midnight—the day of his execution. He shuddered.

He tried to go to sleep again, but the dreadful fate which would have been his had not Souri saved him and on the very last evening before his intended execution, got into his head and he could not drive it out. And now were not men and hounds hunting him for miles around to drag him back to Chattanooga to that dreadful jailyard, the scaffold, the rope, the black cap?

And Laura Fain, suppose she should weaken, suppose she should after all consider it her duty to give him up, suppose a demand should be made to search the house, suppose—a thousand suppositions chased each other through his excited brain.

He lay tossing till just before dawn, when he again fell into a troubled slumber.

He was awakened by a squadron of cavalry passing along the road. The sun had not yet risen, but it was light. He could look right down on them, though they could not see him. They trotted along slowly, all looking worn and sleepy. They were evidently the men who had passed the night before, and were going back from an unsuccessful hunt. Mark noticed the different positions many of them took in order to rest in their saddles. The sight took him back to his own troop, and he longed to be in the stirrups again with them.

There is no time like a wakeful night to magnify distress, and nothing like an unclouded rising sun to drive it away. Mark looked out on the stretch of country to be seen from his window—the Tennessee and the mountains beyond, their tops tinged with yellow light—and was as unreasonably hopeful as he had been despondent. His pleasurable sensations suddenly received a new check. An officer of the cavalry that had passed, followed by two men, came riding back. Maybe they were coming to the house. They stopped at the gate. One of the men rode forward, dismounted and opened it. The officer entered and rode up to the front door.

Mark's heart seemed to stop beating.

He could not see what was going on below so close under his window, but presently heard the officer talking to some one on the veranda.

"A Federal spy escaped last night from Chattanooga, madam. He was in the disguise of a negro girl." There was something more which was unintelligible.

Then Mark heard the word "no" spoken in a voice which he thought was Mrs. Fain's.

"He was tracked to the river, which he must have crossed. He probably landed a mile or two below Chattanooga, and we believe he is hiding somewhere within a few miles of this place."

"You are welcome to"— Mark could not hear to what the officer was welcome, but he surmised it was to search the house.

"What time did you go to bed?"

The reply was inaudible.

"You saw nothing till then?"

"No, sir."

"And everything was shut up at ten o'clock?"

"Yes, sir."

"You are good Confederates, I reckon."

"Yes, sir, my son"— Mark could not hear the rest, except the word "army."

"Well, with your permission, madam, we'll search"— The rest was lost. Indeed Mark was too terror stricken to listen with due care. He supposed the house would be ransacked.

In a moment his terror was turned to a delicious sense of relief. The officer after calling to the men at the gate, rode around to the negro quarters.

But there was a danger in the search which would follow in the cabins. Daniel would remember the negro girl he had let in the night before, and would surmise that she was the person the men were looking for. Would Daniel betray him? He thought not. Daniel gave no hint, for presently Mark saw the trio ride away to join the troop.

Laura Fain had spent a night no more comfortable than Mark. The responsibility of a human life weighed upon her heavily. At one moment she would picture Mark's face pale, haggard, despairing as he would be dragged from his hiding place. The next she was conscience stricken at the part she was playing in shielding an enemy of her cause—the cause of her brother and her lover. She heard the dogs as Mark had heard them on the river bank, and lay shivering till the baying died away in the distance. Then in the morning she saw the cavalry go by, the officer come up and talk with her mother, whom he asked the negroes to call from her bed that he might question her about the presence of the spy. Laura got up herself and stood at the landing listening breathless while they talked. When the man rode away she muttered a fervent "Thank God!"

As the morning brightened and it was time to rise her fears were less intense, and she began to think of how she should keep her prisoner concealed from the rest of the household. How should she feed him? When her maid came up she told her that she would take her breakfast in her room, but surprised the girl by the large quantity of food she wanted brought to her. When the breakfast came Laura was up and dressed. She directed the girl to set it on a table and then sent her to the stable with a message to Daniel about her riding pony. Her maid having gone, Laura took up the breakfast and carried it to the trap.

In another moment she was standing on the ladder with the tray in her hand, half her body below and half in the attic, regarding a handsome fellow looking very much like a gentleman in her brother's clothes. He in turn was regarding what he considered a very pretty picture in the half exposed figure of a young girl holding a tray in her hands on which he knew full well was a breakfast he was hungry for. Then he took the tray and laid it on the lounge.

It was the first time that Laura had seen Mark dressed becomingly. This was the man she had been instrumental in saving, the man she was protecting, the man she must exercise her wits to give an opportunity to get away to a land of safety from the halter. It was pleasant to see that he was good to look upon. What a fine brow, what a resolute mouth! Those locks are golden and fitted for a woman's head. The eyes are heavenly blue. And all this beauty holds a soul capable of plunging into the most frightful of dangers.

And this being, soliloquizing to a young girl scarcely twenty, was in her power. Could she not at a word give him over to an ignominious death? And could she not by care almost certainly insure his freedom? He was her slave, bound to her far more securely than Alice, her maid, who had been given her by her father. She could order him to crawl on the floor before her and he would have to do so. She had once seen a woman enter a cage of a lion with only a slender whip in her hand, and the huge beast had obeyed her slightest motion. Mark was her lion, and she felt inclined to give him just one touch of the whip to see what he would do. She stepped into the room and let down the trap.

"Miss Fain," Mark said, "you cannot have any conception of the fervor of my gratitude. You stand between me and death—not the death of a soldier, but of a felon. And here," pointing to the breakfast, "you are ministering to my wants with your own hands."

"And yet I told you not to come here."

"I did not understand you so."

Mark was hurt. His heart was full of gratitude. He could not understand how, after doing and risking so much for him, she could blame him for throwing himself on her generosity.

"I am sorry that you regret your kindness," he added, with almost a tremble in his voice.

"I did not say that I regretted it."

"But you remind me that it is not agreeable to you."

"How can it be? You are a Yankee—a spy—and on a mission to discover the movements of our troops."

"Why, then, do you not give me up?"

She shrugged her shoulders. "Can I turn executioner?"

"I see. I am indebted for my present safety to the fact that you do not care to do an unwomanly act."

"You must draw your own inference."

"But I should like to be grateful. How can I when you tell me that you do all this for me that your white hands may not have a stain upon them?"

"It is not necessary that you should feel grateful."

Mark studied her face for a moment earnestly. Then his manner changed.

"Miss Fain," he said, pointing, "take away the breakfast."

"Why so?" she asked, startled.

"I will not be under any further obligation to one who acts from pride rather than sweet charity. You have saved me from the hounds and from the gallows. Were it not for you I should now be either about to mount the scaffold or have passed by this time into that land where the only human attribute I can imagine as fitted to be there is charity. Whether the danger is now passed from this neighborhood I don't know, but I am going to risk it. I am going down stairs and out from under this roof."

"You will do no such thing!"

"I will!" And had she not placed herself between him and the trap he would have carried out his intention.

"Stay where you are!" she said in a voice in which there was something commanding.

"By what authority do you assume to direct me?"

"Your life belongs to me."

"True." He bowed his head.

"You understand me." She spoke with even more authority than before. "I own you. I own your life. You are my slave in a stronger sense than my colored girl."

"It is that ownership of human beings, Miss Fain, coming down to you from past generations, that has given you the spirit to tyrannize over me now."

"I tyrannize?"

There was a surprise that was not feigned. She did not realize what she was doing.

"Yes, never have I been so trodden upon as by you."

There was a submission in the young soldier's tone that satisfied the imperious girl. She was ready to heal the cuts she had given, but she waited for him to speak again.

"What do you wish me to do?" he asked.

"Remain where you are till I regard it safe for you to go."

"Then you have a desire for my safety?" he asked, looking up at her quickly.

"You came here unbidden and placed yourself in my hands. Do you think it proper to come and go at your pleasure?"

Mark approached her, and bending low took her hand and kissed it. There was something in the act to remind her of the lion—after the training.

CHAPTER XV.

SOURI AND JAKEY.

"What do you think I ought to do with you?"

It was scarcely more than fifteen minutes after Souri had bid Mark godspeed when old Triggs re-entered the prison grounds, and mounting the flight of steps leading to the second story went into the jail. No one seemed to be about the place. He entered his bedroom and found his wife dozing in her chair by the window. He asked for the colored girl, and his wife told him that she had not yet returned with the medicine. He waited, expecting every minute that she would come in. Had he not noticed an absence of the groans to which the supposed invalid had been treating him all the evening he might have waited for Souri without a movement much longer than he did. As it was, it occurred to him that perhaps the prisoner might be dead.

Taking up a tallow dip he went to the room where Mark was supposed to be confined. A figure was lying in the corner. The jailer went to it, and by means of the candle saw what he supposed to be the prisoner. The face was to the wall and he did not at first discover the deception.

"Yank," he said, "air y' dead?"

No answer.

He took hold of the figure's shoulder and shook it.

Still no reply.

Turning Souri over he at once recognized the face of "the mulatto girl."

In an instant he saw through the ruse that had been practiced. Without stopping to interrogate her he rushed from the room past the sentinel at the door and out to the guardhouse. There he gave the alarm, and in a moment the whole guard was in motion.

Souri hoped that the sentinel at the door would join in the chase, in which event she intended to go to Jakey's room, get him out and attempt to escape. But the soldier only went as far as the door at the head of the long staircase. Then, remembering that he would doubtless be punished for letting one prisoner escape and that there were several negroes in the "black hole" for him to guard, he went no farther.

In five minutes Souri heard the barking of hounds without.

No word was sent to headquarters regarding Mark's escape till the hounds had followed the scent to the river and there lost it. Then one of the guards was sent in to report the whole affair. Being an infantryman, he was obliged to walk, which took time. Cavalry was the only arm of the service capable of following the escaped man with a chance of success, and cavalry must be ferried across the river or ordered from Dallas, on the other side, ten miles above. The latter course was chosen, and two squadrons were directed to proceed at once, the one to throw a chain guard across the neck of Moccasin point, the other to scour the river bank for a distance of several miles below. Had there been any cavalry nearer, Mark would have had a very slender chance to get away. As it was, he barely escaped one of the squadrons.

About noon of the day after Mark's escape the military authorities began to relax their efforts to recapture him, as they had other matters of importance to attend to, but they induced the country people, by hope of a reward, to continue the search within a radius of ten or fifteen miles from Chattanooga. The provost marshal sent for Souri and Jakey with a view to gaining from them whatever he might concerning Mark's identity and his mission.

Souri, whose only clothing was that left her by Mark, begged Mrs. Triggs to get her more suitable apparel before being taken out of the jail. Had the old woman any excuse, indeed had it not been for the presence of the guard at the door, there is no telling what she might have done to Souri. To have been thus duped put her in a towering passion. She went into Souri's cell and berated her with her tongue and shook her fist in her face, but refrained from touching her. When Souri asked for a woman's dress she at first flatly refused, but fearing she would incur the displeasure of the provost marshal still further than she had if she should send a girl to him not properly dressed she selected an old calico frock of her own and gave it to her.

Souri and Jakey were led to the marshal's office, followed by a crowd of curious people, who were aware that they had been the means of the escape of a spy, but when they arrived the crowd were left outside.

Never was a man more puzzled what to do with prisoners than the marshal in the case of Souri and Jakey. He saw a simple, modest, poor white country girl, apparently not out of her "teens," and a stupid looking boy, who was not very far into them.

"Who are you?" he asked of Souri not unkindly.

"Missouri Slack."

"Where do you live?"

"On the Anderson road, not far from Jasper."

"And this boy?"

"He's my brother."

"When did you come from home?"

"Three days ago."

"What brought you, or how did you know that the prisoner was here and in jail?"

"Jakey sent me word."

"This boy?"

"Yes."

"How?"

"He sent me a silk hankercher what I give t'other un."

"How did you send it, boy?"

"Niggers."

"Um."

"Well, you two are pretty young to be engaged in such mischief."

The officer looked at them with interest and vexation mingled. He had lost a prisoner for whom he was responsible, but he could not but wonder at such a dull looking boy achieving so difficult a task as sending the communication, and could not but admire the sacrifice made by the girl.

"What do you think I ought to do with you?"

"Reckon y' mought gimme back my gun," said Jakey.

The officer could not repress a smile.

"What gun?"

"Th' one yer tuk t'other day."

"Go and get the boy's gun, orderly," he said to a soldier on duty at the door.

The gun was not to be found then, but was recovered later, and Jakey was happy in receiving it.

"Do you know what you've been doing?" the officer resumed, addressing Souri. "You've helped a spy to escape who will doubtless carry information to the enemies of your country."

Souri made no reply. She stood looking at the officer with her big black eyes. Fortunately for her, he had a daughter about her age.

Meanwhile some Tennesseeans who hailed from Jasper had been sent for, and they came in to have a look at the prisoners. Several of them recognized both Souri and Jakey, and told the marshal that they were what they pretended.

This and their youth, together with the fact that the provost marshal was not a harsh man, saved them from punishment. There was a great deal of feeling against "renegade" east Tennesseeans, and had they been men they would have been taken back to the "black hole" at the jail and kept there till it was found necessary to move them from the approaching enemy. As it was the marshal directed that they be taken into another room till he could hear from headquarters regarding them. He knew the Triggs and the "black hole" and feared to let them go back to them.

The officers at headquarters were too busy to meddle with such a case. The provost marshal's communication was returned with the following indorsement:

> Respectfully referred back to the provost marshal with authority to do with these prisoners as he thinks for the best interests of the service. The spy having escaped it does not appear that there is any reason to hold them.

The brother and sister were brought in again to hear what was to be their fate. Souri was aware of the enormity of her offense and expected a severe punishment. She had determined to beg the officer to send Jakey back to his parents, then he might punish her as he liked.

"Suppose I let you and your little brother go home," said the marshal, "will you go there and keep out of any interference in matters that concern the Confederacy hereafter?"

"I'll go home," said Souri.

"Well, I reckon you'd better go," replied the officer. Then to the guard:

"Send the corporal here."

"Take these children," he said to that person when he arrived, "to the other side of the river and turn them adrift, and see that they don't get back here."

Souri's heart jumped into her throat for joy. Turning her expressive eyes on the officer, she said, "Thank you."

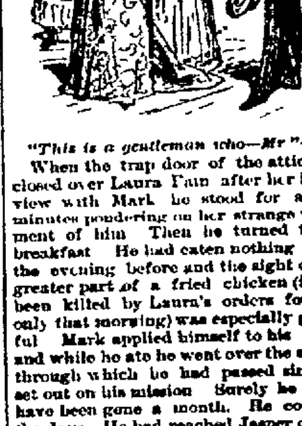
"Mr. Ossifer," said Jakey, "I thank y' fur gimmen me back my gun."

A smile broke over the faces of those present.

The next day the brother and sister arrived at home, and great was the rejoicing in the Slack family.

CHAPTER XVI.

A SOUTH CAROLINA GEOLOGIST.



"This is a gentleman who—Mr."——

When the trap door of the attic had closed over Laura Fain after her interview with Mark he stood for a few minutes pondering on her strange treatment of him. Then he turned to the breakfast. He had eaten nothing since the evening before, and the sight of the greater part of a fried chicken (it had been killed by Laura's orders for him only that morning) was especially grateful. Mark applied himself to his meal, and while he ate he went over the scenes through which he had passed since he set out on his mission. Surely he must have been gone a month. He counted the days. He had reached Jasper on the evening of the twentieth of August, Chattanooga on the morning of the twenty second, tried on the twenty-fourth, was to have been hanged on the twenty seventh, escaped on the twenty-sixth. That was only the evening before. It was now the twenty-seventh—only a week. Never had he passed such a week before, and he hoped he never would again.

Soon after he had finished his breakfast a hand was extended through the trap, a pitcher of water and toilet articles were left and the dishes taken. At noon a meal was handed in by the same fair hand.

Though but two meals had been thus left Laura began to perceive that she could not thus feed her charge without soon being discovered. When she took Mark's dinner to him she entered the attic and had him close the trap after her.

"It will not do for you to stay here much longer," she said. "My mother has already become suspicious that I have something on my mind, and I fear being detected carrying these meals. I dare not tell her all, and I dare not risk her discovering that you are here."

"I will go tonight."

"It will be sure capture for you to go. The negroes tell me that the country people are all out looking for the—the spy."

"I can't stay here and compromise you."

"I have a plan. This evening I will watch for an opportunity for you to go down stairs. You can introduce yourself as a guest, and though you will be every minute in danger you will be safer than here."

"And, in case I am discovered, will not be caught like a rat in a trap."

"You can appear as a traveler. You must have a hat. I will bring you one. At the first opportunity after dark I'll come to the trap and knock. Follow me down stairs. I don't think any one will recognize you in those clothes. They have been packed away since my brother went to Virginia a year ago. Mamma only saw you, when you were here before, after dark, on the veranda, and—well, I think there will be a very good chance for you to play guest without detection."

"The servants?"

"They would never betray a Yankee. They think you are all coming down to free them, and they'll have nothing to do but lie in the sun."

"Not an unpleasant occupation on a pleasant day," said Mark facetiously.

"Should anything happen, Lauly dear mamma. And, after all, she is a woman," she added significantly.

"Which you pretend not to be."

"If all goes well you will be assigned a room—the guest chamber perhaps—and if it is not safe for you to be down stairs, you may feign to be ill and keep your apartment."

Mark was better pleased with the plan than remaining where he was. He did not expect to remain in the house longer than till the next night, when he hoped those who were seeking for him would become tired of the hunt and give him a chance for his life.

"I'll do all you suggest," he said to Laura, "and whether you wish it or not I am very grateful."

She lowered her eyes under his look of gratitude and then went below.

As soon as it grew dark Mark listened for the signal. It came a few minutes before nine o'clock. Mrs. Fain had remained in the parlor up to that moment, when she went up stairs to get some article necessary to a piece of work she was doing. Laura followed her, turning out the lights by the way and keeping on up to the attic.

Within a few seconds after her knock Mark was descending the stairs and in a twinkling was in the parlor. Not half a minute elapsed between the signal and his arrival there.

It was not long before Mrs. Fain was heard groping about up stairs in the dark, wanting to know who had turned out the lights and calling on a servant to relight them. When she entered the parlor she was surprised to see her daughter in company with a stranger, who was standing, hat in hand, as though he had just come in from without.

"Mamma," said Laura, with her heart in her throat, but with the most assured of innocent tones, "this is a gentleman who—Mr."——

"Rhett," supplied Mark.

"Mr. Rhett, of"——

"South Carolina."

Any old Virginia or South Carolina name was quite enough to insure a welcome from Mrs. Fain. Without waiting to hear what he might say further or an account of how he came to be there so suddenly, she said.

"I'm pleased to see you, sir. Are you related to the Rhetts, of South Carolina?"

"We all came of the same main stem, madam," said Mark, assuming the tone of a southern gentleman.

"Mr. Rhett is traveling, mamma. He says that—that"——

"I am looking for mines, madam. You may not know it, but you are in the center of a rich mineral region."

It is pleasant to hear that fortune may come soon, and Mrs. Fain was evidently much pleased at the information.

"Indeed!" she said calmly.

"Yes, madam, I have been looking for ore. I presume I need not say whether in government interest or not. We must have cannons, you know."

"Government officers are not bound to disclose their identity or their objects, sir."

"I have been prospecting, madam, and am separated from my party owing to the stupidity of the driver of the vehicle which contains my crucibles and chemicals. I appeared at your door and your daughter was kind enough to ask me in—not surprising, considering your far famed Tennessee hospitality."

"You are quite welcome, sir."

Mark bowed low, with his hand on his heart, like a South Carolina gentleman of the old school.

"Have you supped?" asked Mrs. Fain.

"Yes, madam, I succeeded in getting a meal by the way. A poor one, indeed, a very poor one, with burned beans for coffee. But since the abolition Lincoln government has violated all rules of civilized warfare by this cruel blockade—intending to starve us into subjection

ticed him till he had opened the gate and was half way between it and the house. Laura sank into a seat, all color left her cheeks and her heart seemed to stop beating.

"Don't be frightened," said Mark, bending over her and whispering in her ear. "It is only a private soldier. He is not after me, and if he is he can't have me."

Mark left her and advanced to the rail of the veranda.

"Can you tell me how fyar 'tis ter Chattenoogy?" asked the man.

"About two miles, I reckon, as the crow flies, three or four really."

"Straight 'long up the road?"

"Yes."

"I'm a courier. I be'n carryen dispatches, but I didn't go this way."

"Well, you just keep the road and you'll get through all right. Any news from the front?"

"Don't know any. I be'n away from Chattenoogy two days."

"Well, you haven't far to go."

"Good night, sir."

"Good night."

Mark went back to Laura. She had not recovered from her fright, and he was obliged to wait a few moments before he could get a word from her.

"I suppose you think me a dreadful coward," she said at last. "After all, I'm only a woman."

"Not cowardly for yourself, for a poor devil whose neck is in a halter."

"Yes, I'm only a girl, but I own the life of a brave man, a soldier, a reckless monster, a fiend, a spy."

"Anything else?"

"There are no more words to express what I mean."

"Laura," called Mrs. Fain, "if you're going to stay out any later you'd better get a shawl."

"I'm going in, mamma."

They walked into the house together. Mr. Rhett, of South Carolina, made a few commonplace remarks to Mrs. Fain and then begged to be excused, as he had been prospecting during the day and was very tired. He bowed low to the ladies and then went up stairs.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Lane's Family Medicine Moves the Bowels Each day. Most people need to use it.

[illegible] which it is paid.

If you want the [illegible] give the old address as well as the new.

If you want your paper stopped [illegible] to be sent to you [illegible] the office or not.

If you do not get the paper [illegible] know. We send every [illegible] and the trouble is with [illegible] served.

☞ Remember that for $2.00 [illegible] the MINER and [illegible] one year.

The McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
[illegible] IN ADVANCE, one year $1.50; six months, [illegible], three months, [illegible] cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.
[illegible]

E. [illegible] & SON,
Editors and Proprietors.

Smethport, Pa., May 5, 1893.

COOPER wasn't in it.

THE political Judge will probably never again be worked in the election of a County Superintendent. It don't pay.

WELL, it only goes to show how much weight the newspaper combine of this county has with intelligent people.

MR. PARSONS surprised all at the grand showing he made in the convention. He is young and can afford to wait three years.

THE fresh York State editor over in Port Allegany feels these days as the man felt after fooling around the heels of the jackass very much disfigured, but wiser.

If Cooper had only paid closer attention to the advice so kindly tendered him by the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, he might have made a little better showing.

ABE BUZZARD the once noted Welsh Mountain outlaw began evangelistic labors in Philadelphia last Sunday. He was converted while serving sentence in the Eastern Penitentiary.

MR. CLEVELAND to Officeseekers: "It doesn't follow that because the people wanted me in office they wanted you other fellows in office too. So you fellows walk."—Chicago News Record.

THE most important figure in the present Administration naturally is the President, next to him in importance comes Mr. Cleveland, and then the President again, and so on down.—Albany Journal.

THE Dolphin and the other proved Roach cruisers are monuments to their builder and the Administration which authorized them, and the testimonials to the malign conduct of the first Cleveland Administration.—Utica Herald.

MR. DANA figures it out that the legal compensation due to Mr. Blount should he remain three months in the Sandwich Islands, is $1,876.25. It is an outrageously large amount of money to pay for such contemptible services.—N. Y. Commercial.

SHEEHAN and other leaders of the Hill gang are doing all they can do to wreck the Democratic party in New York by calling themselves Democrats. They are simply rascals with no principles, political or any other kind.—Milwaukee Journal (Dem.)

THOSE who remember the howling of the Democratic press when an income tax was imposed during the war to meet the necessary expenses of the Government read with some amusement nowadays the demands of Democratic editors for a return to that method of raising revenue.—Elmira Advertiser.

THE charges preferred against the Warren Insane Asylum by W. L. Peart, a reputable Kittanning attorney, to the Legislature this week, should be thoroughly investigated. If the half he alleges is true there should be a change in management. The Speaker of the House cannot afford to appoint a whitewashing committee.

NOT many observers reflected that the little Monitor, of which the Miantonomoh was only an enlarged and improved edition, set the pace for the world's naval warfare 30 years ago, made wooden and unprotected ships a waste, and so was in one sense the author of the marvels of science and skill which the world displayed in this harbor.—New York Tribune.

HON. D. NEWLIN FELL, one of the Common Pleas Judges of Philadelphia, will be pressed for the Supreme Court nomination by the delegates from that city, in the coming Republican State Convention. Judge Fell has been sixteen years on the bench and stands very high as a jurist. He is endorsed for the nomination by upwards of 900 lawyers of the Quaker City, among whom are found the names of a large majority of its leading attorneys. They certainly know as to his fitness for the position, and with such an endorsement, accompanied by the fact that the vacancy on the bench was caused by the resignation of a Philadelphian, Chief Justice Paxson, Judge Fell will go into the Convention with a strong prestige in his favor.

MARY E. LEASE. The name belongs to one of the best and bravest women in America to-day. She is the people's true champion and is the idol of the better class of American workingmen. She was a McKean county girl, born and raised in the Irish Settlement, near Rustic Point. Her father, Joseph Clyens, went into the war from McKean county, and died a prisoner in Andersonville. Her idolized brother, a mere stripling, was killed in the battle of Fredericksburg, where many other gallant young Irishmen died fighting nearest to the foe. Mrs. Lease is one of the world's greatest orators. She loves America's old soldiers. We learn from the [illegible] that she will visit friends at her old McKean county home this month, and will deliver the Memorial Day oration in Smethport. Her name will draw to McKean's beautiful capital the largest Memorial Day congregation ever seen in that town. We [illegible] hope that the special arrangements [illegible] the different roads to Smethport will give every old soldier and every [illegible] within 30 miles of [illegible] a chance to see and hear this [illegible] woman on Memorial Day. And [illegible] Irishman who would not go a-foot [illegible] to see her is losing his love for the "ould sod."—Tom Harrington in [illegible] Record.

[illegible]

From our own correspondent.

HARRISBURG, May 1st, 1893.—On Wednesday evening of last week the legislative contest of the session was fought. For many weeks past the advocates of the Niles' Revenue Bill have been strengthening their lines and bolstering up the weak friends of this measure while the opponents of the bill have lost no chance to make a convert against the inquisitorious measure which the Grangers have attempted to foist upon the good people of this State, under the guise of "an equalization of taxes." The author of the bill, Hon. Jerome B. Niles, Tioga county, Mr. Leonard Rhone, Centre county, the Master Patron of the State Granges of Pennsylvania, and Giles D. Price, Erie county, have borne the brunt of the battle for the bill, while Hon. M. E. Olmsted, of Dauphin county, Hon. Wright, ex-Congressman, from Lehigh county, Capt. John P. Green, Vice President of the P. R. R., ex-Congressman Mortimer F. Elliott, of Tioga county, and a Mr. King, of Venango county, a grand organizer of the Pennsylvania Grangers were the main opponents of the bill. Each of these parties were given a hearing and besides the legislature was flooded with circulars, pro and con, defending and condemning the proposed bill and its methods of proposed taxation.

The bill has been described heretofore in the columns of the MINER. On last Wednesday afternoon and evening the bill came up for consideration on second reading in the House and during the entire discussion, the hall of the House and the lobbies were crowded with an attentive and interesting audience of ladies and gentlemen who, in spite of orders to the contrary from the Speaker of the House, broke out in loud and boisterous applause at the close of the remarks of each speaker. The argument was carried on with decency and decorum until Representative James, of Venango county, broke in and openly accused Leonard Rhone of being a persistent "lobbyist," a demagogue and a rogue, who ought to be denied the privileges of the floor of the House. Al Crawford, of Philadelphia, precipitated the scrimmage by taking exceptions to the language of Mr. James and the House at once became an uproar and it was only by the actions and advice of the cooler heads on the floor of House that the rumpus was quieted. A test vote was decided on on the reading of the bill, and the roll was called and resulted in 95 ayes and 72 noes. The aye vote represents very nearly the full strength of the friends of the bill while the negative vote is far below what the bill will command on final passage.

The absentees numbered a great many enemies of the bill and it is confidently expected that it will fail of the requisite 103 votes when it may be reached on final passage.

The Brown Road Bill had a day of it in the Senate last week when it was amended so that many of its most objectionable features were eliminated, but even in this shape it was objectionable and failed to pass. An attempt was made to substitute the Smiley Bill (a full synopsis of which was given in the last issue of the MINER) and Senator Ross, of Bucks county argued that the substitute would solve the question of country roads much more satisfactorily than any bill heretofore offered in either house but it would not be accepted by the Senate and the road bill for this session was killed.

Senator Markley's bill, conferring the control of State Hospitals for the Insane upon the several Boards of Trustees and taking the business management of such institutions out of the hands of the several Superintendents, passed the Senate several weeks ago after much opposition and was sent to the Judiciary General Committee of the House. On Wednesday last it was returned to the House with a negative recommendation. It was attempted to place the bill on the calendar notwithstanding the adverse report but the House refused. Meanwhile the bill of Mr. Wherry, of Cumberland county, providing for the appointment of female physicians to all State Hospitals for the Insane, was sent out from the Judiciary Committee with a favorable report.

A few days ago, after passing second reading in the Senate, Senator Flinn's bill, permitting the sale of Sunday newspapers, was sent back to Committee and after a hearing was returned to the Senate with a negative report. This action is severely commented upon, as should the report of the Committee be final, there is probably very much trouble ahead for all the Sunday newspapers of the State. There would be constant interference from the reform cranks who desire to enforce the blue laws of colonial days in this advanced age of the year 1893.

Farmer Taggart, Montgomery county, who contested the seat of Chas. I. Baker, democrat, was given the seat he contested for last week, and was sworn in as a member of the House. The contests of the present session have proven costly luxuries, the bills aggregating $13,176.00. This amount is, however, thought to be reasonable when compared to some of the contests of former sessions.

Old Liberty Bell, from the State House tower in Philadelphia, was given a grand reception as it passed our city last Tuesday on its way to Chicago. The biggest crowd that ever gathered at our railroad station was present. The legislature, city councils and all city officers, all the school children and everybody in Harrisburg turned out in the rain to give the Bell a royal welcome here and wish it a God speed on its journey to the great Columbian Exposition.

On Friday last President Cleveland passed through Harrisburg on his way to Chicago, to be present at the opening of the World's Fair to-day. His stop in our city was a very short one, only long enough to make a change of engines, and this was accomplished at a cross street in the upper part of the city, so that very few persons had the opportunity of seeing or hearing the great expounder of democracy.

Doubtless gab and chin-music will be at a discount in the Legislature the coming week if it is desired to adjourn finally the last of this month.

ALCROFT.

[illegible]

The demonstration at Indianapolis on the arrival of the old Liberty Bell, on Friday of last week, was one of the largest and most enthusiastic of any on the route from Philadelphia to Chicago. Twelve thousand school children, Protestant and Catholic, each carrying an American flag, not a few with the starry emblem wrapped around them, met the old bell on its arrival. After inspecting it the vast audience marched to the Capitol where a meeting was held. Among the speakers was ex-President Harrison who said:

My Young Friends and My Fellow-citizens: I am glad to-day to be a citizen of Indianapolis. I am glad to participate in that worthy pride which we all feel at being able to make before these distinguished strangers such a magnificent exhibition of our Indianapolis schools. I think I should first, for you, thank sincerely [illegible] Mayor Stuart of Philadelphia, and the gentlemen who accompany him, for their kind [illegible] in enabling the citizens, and especially the children of our schools, to see this great relic, the Liberty Bell. We are grateful to them for having so graciously yielded to the request of our citizens to give each of you a favored opportunity to see this most interesting relic. It is only a bell, and a dumb bell at that. It has spoken its great message to the world, and is now forever silent. It is not the material thing that we shall look upon with interest. It is that which it typifies. It is the enduring thing for which it stands that kindles our hearts and our enthusiasm to-day. If the old men and the old women of this country shall [illegible] their sentiment and forego the exercise of their imagination, these great things will be preserved among the children. I rejoice that there is a renaissance of patriotism in the United States. I rejoice to believe that to our own hearts the flag means more to-day than ever before in our history. There are more people that love it, and the generation that is coming up will love it more fervently than that which is passing off the stage.

I rejoice that the American flag floats over more of our schools of instruction for the young to-day than ever before. I was moved with interest within the last few days of the lifting of the flag on the Navesink Highlands of New Jersey, that our own people returning from foreign shores or those worthy immigrants who seek a home among us shall catch sight of the starry banner when the land lifts itself above the sea rim. The flag at the highlands, the Bartholdi Statue lifting the torch of liberty in the harbor are great object lessons to those who come to be American citizens. I was interested and greatly pleased in the fact that one of my last public acts was to lift the American flag over a great steamer [illegible] in the harbor of the city of New York. [illegible] all the land to all the people thereof [illegible] a quarter of a century before, when the commission of your Legislature selected as their [illegible] for that bell [illegible] the great act it was to perform. Let us never forget that the liberty which this bell rang was a liberty regulated by law, a liberty to be free to do as each one pleased only so far as the rights of others were not invaded. Let us learn again this great lesson that no worthy object can be promoted except upon the lines of social and lawful subordination to [illegible] authority. [illegible] and the Church [illegible] with unauthorized hands [illegible] can promote any of these causes by acts of violence. [illegible]

This bell [illegible] a King and [illegible] to proclaim [illegible] of self government and the equal rights of men. [illegible] great waters and came here to be [illegible] American citizens. I wish to thank you for your patient attention [illegible] your hearts [illegible] the story of our heroic ancestors [illegible] our government [illegible] any speaker can [illegible].

OF INTEREST TO WORLD'S FAIR VISITORS.

We are indebted to Mr. I. H. Corduke of Alton for a copy of the following letter which was published in the Chicago *Tribune* on the 31st of March. Mr. Corduke represents the Chicago Renting Agency and he, with others who have taken upon themselves the responsibility of procuring comfortable quarters for visitors to the Fair are annoyed at the misrepresentations which have circulated about the extortionate charges which will be imposed upon the visitors. Mr. Higinbotham, the writer of the letter is President of the Bureau of Public Comfort and knows just what he is talking about.

CHICAGO, March 30, 1893.

To The Public:

Because of many misrepresentations and misstatements relative to the Exposition management and affairs being in circulation through the press and otherwise, both in this country and abroad and in reply to many letters of inquiry or complaint touching the same matters, it seems advisable that some official statement regarding them should be made to the public. Therefore I respectfully ask that the widest publicity be given to the following facts:

1st. The Exposition will be opened in readiness for visitors May 1st.

2nd. An abundance of drinking water, the best supplied to any great city in the world, will be provided free for all. The report that a charge would be made for drinking water probably arose from the fact that Hygeia water can also be had by those that may desire it at one cent a glass.

3rd. Ample provisions for eating will be made free of charge.

4th. About 1,500 toilet rooms and closets will be located at convenient points in the buildings and about the grounds and they will be absolutely free to the public. This is as large a number in proportion to the estimated attendance as has ever been provided by any exposition. In addition to these will also be an equal number of lavatories and toilet rooms of a costly and handsome character in exhibits for the use of which a charge of five cents will be made.

5th. The admission fee of 50 cents will entitle the visitor to see and enter all the Exposition buildings, inspect the exhibits, and in short to see everything within the Exposition grounds, except the Esquimaux Village and the reproduction of the Colorado Cliff Dwellings. For these as well as for the special attractions of the Midway Plaisance a small fee will be charged.

6th. Imposition or extortion of any description will not be tolerated.

7th. Free medical and emergency hospital service is provided on the grounds by the Exposition management.

8th. The bureau of Public Comfort will provide commodious waiting rooms including spacious ladies' parlor and toilet rooms in various parts of the grounds.

Signed
H. N. HIGINBOTHAM,
President.

REPRESENTATIVE SMITH, one of Jefferson county's members of the Legislature, is a little late in his move to secure a State Printing Office. There is more scandal about the State printing than all the other business connected with the State government, and there should be no hesitancy about effecting a radical change when it can be successfully accomplished. But the trouble now is that a four year contract has just been made with Philadelphia parties to do the State printing which it would be a difficult matter to set aside. LATER—The Governor has vetoed Smith's resolution on account of the contract referred to.

THE BIGGEST SHOW

That to Be Seen Out of Doors at the World's Fair.

TENTS AS GREAT AS THE CIRCUS.

But the Latter, While Not Wholly Finished, Is a Wonderful Display, Wherein the Foreigners Excel—Delay Not Chicago's Fault—How to See the Exposition.

WORLD'S FAIR, May 2.—It is the day after the great Columbian exposition is supposed to be ready to receive visitors from all over the world. It is and it isn't. There is not one large building in which the installation of exhibits is complete. Everywhere the people in charge are still putting their wares in order, and many of them are working at night, after the gates are closed, with hammers and paint brushes. The comment one hears on every side is that Chicago, and by Chicago we simply use a convenient term for the management of the exposition has done its work better than the exhibitors have done theirs. While the contents of these huge buildings the products of the arts and industries of the whole world are worthy and interesting, the greatest feature of the show beyond all question is the White City. The grounds and buildings in which the exhibits are displayed are more impressive and attractive than the exhibits themselves. The tent beats the circus.

But it should not be forgotten that the grounds and the palaces are themselves an exhibit. They are intended primarily to house and accommodate the machinery, the fabrics, the works of art and the products of all the world. But incidentally they are an exhibit of the progress made in architecture in America, in building operations, in landscape designing and decoration, in artificial illumination and in ornamentation with statuary and fountains. Yesterday the vast throngs who attended the opening ceremonies said the most fascinating view within the enclosure was to be had out of doors. That is true today and will be true all the time. Therefore it is that most of the people who are here today wander around the grounds, looking up at the facades and towers and giant roofs of the buildings, they watch gondoliers and launches on the lagoons, or spend hours and hours noting the various styles and arts of architecture in the innumerable number of foreign and state buildings. Nothing seems to fascinate them more than the works of art with which the grounds and exteriors of the buildings are enriched. The golden Republic, the beautiful Barge of State, the statue of Franklin, the spirited Quadriga, and hundreds, almost thousands more of products of artist studios engross the attention of a large proportion of today's visitors.

Those who do go within the buildings to look at the wonders there displayed do not stay long. They are not disappointed in what they find—though of course the incomplete state of many exhibits is annoying, but fabrics, pictures, machinery, pottery, even the most wonderful of machines and appliances, are not what the people want this early in the season. It is a high and a deserved compliment that the masses are now paying to the great genius and greater energy which conceived and wrought the outdoor picture. The general verdict is that the world has not only been outdone but that a mark has been set which the French even, and they are the world famous experts in expositions, will be a long time coming up to.

As the weeks wear on and we begin to receive from the other side of the water the opinions of the foreign journalists and the experts sent here to pass judgment I predict you will see little or no adverse comment on the stage which Chicago has set for the international rehearsal. There will be nothing but praise and warm praise for that. The criticism, if there be any, will be upon the exhibits and the manner in which they are installed. Already it is obvious even to the most careless observer that while Americans have the most goods in their wares, the ingenuity and adaptability and growth, when it comes to the matter of arranging them in most attractive form they have lessons to learn from our foreign friends. Though domestic exhibitors outnumber the foreign ten to one, in nearly every building the most attractive and beautiful exhibit, the one which first catches the eye and holds the interest, is made by a foreign government or firm. The exhibits made by our own government though large and [illegible] are awkward and [illegible] artistic compared to that of the French, the Germans and the English. It is of a different character of course, being [illegible] might have [illegible] arranged with better finish and effect.

In the matter of promptness, too, the foreigners, with few exceptions, are in the lead. Very few of the foreign exhibits need anything now but a few finishing touches. The exhibits which are in poorest condition or otherwise not put up [illegible] are those of Americans who have had plenty of time [illegible] of the nation [illegible] certainly is [illegible] somewhat remarkable that the foreigners should take their wares across the sea, into a strange land and beaten the Americans in quickness of installation. The rivals to [illegible] Americans is too fond of letting a task go till it has to be done and then by a sudden display of energy just get there. [illegible] as a rule but too many of the American exhibits are now though in the exposition ring still a trifle disfigured.

Three or four days will see all the departments of this vast and unparalleled show in complete readiness. Already no one need complain at the condition of things. The Columbian exposition is as near ready at this stage as the great Paris show of 1889 was, and nearer finished than was the Centennial or the French exposition preceding the last one. Nor is it the fault of the Chicago people that the perfection of installation which they hoped for has not been accomplished. They did their part of the work and amid frightful obstacles. They struggled with a herculean task in the face of such difficulties as adverse weather, winter and summer, particularly inclement and damaging during the last two weeks. But their indomitable spirit enabled them to have the buildings ready in ample time for exhibitors. The floor space was marked out, the railway facilities ready, the helpers at hand, but the exhibitors themselves were slow. You see the later they came here with their gangs of skilled mechanics and their installation experts, the crack men of their establishments, the less their expense, because all those men of course wanted to remain till after the opening. This is the milk in the cocoanut as to the dilatory operations of many American exhibitors. The managers of the fair not only made all in readiness, so far as their end of the work was concerned, but they detailed several hundred men to hurry up the exhibitors. Innumerable letters and finally telegrams were sent out, and during the last two weeks most of the energy of the administration department has been expended in hustling the private exhibitions into place.

As I have said, the crowds of this second day of the fair spend most of their time looking at the exterior show. An acre of people stand near the Administration building with their faces turned upward. A workman has climbed one of the tall flagstaffs on a corner of Machinery hall. He is all alone and has no helper at the base. Neatly balancing himself in his little swing, he pulls up by a cord a golden ball, which he attaches to the top of the staff. It is a simple operation, and here a very commonplace one, for workmen clambering about at dizzy hights, on domes and iron arches and towers and spires, have been familiar scenes for many a month. Yet with all the wonders of the world spread out for their inspection ten thousand people preferred to stand and watch this rigger at work.

In front of the Art building another great crowd was seen. What could be attracting their attention there? Investigation showed that they were watching the Frenchmen unpack the big cases in which the Paris pictures had been shipped across the water. A simple every-day part of the work, yet strangely fascinating to the visitors. These and many other similar incidents taught but one lesson, gave one hint for future exposition managers. These great affairs are fully as interesting in their process as in their completion. To a large proportion of the people the work of building is more fascinating than the result. I have heard a score of Chicago people speak in this manner: "It is a wonderful show, but I have seen the best of it already. I saw them dredging out the swamp. I saw them laying the foundations. I saw them laying the beams, raising the mammoth arches, putting on the spreading roofs, piling up the monuments and statuary. I wouldn't have missed that part of it in order to see it as it now stands. If given my choice I would have preferred the construction rather than the completion as a time for my visit." Why not make the preparatory stages of future exhibitions as popular as the final? Why not arrange special devices, such as open railway trains and movable platforms, which will enable millions of people to witness the wonderfully fascinating and instructive methods of construction? There is something almost universal in the mind of man which leads him to want to know how a thing is made. The small boy's first desire on taking a watch in his hand is to tear the insides out of it so he may ascertain what makes the wheels go round.

When the visitor from afar first steps upon the grounds he is dazed with the magnificence and the vastness of the outdoor picture. For a short time he wanders in one direction or another, aimlessly, with his eyes wide open and his lips frequently uttering exclamations of surprise, delight, amazement. Then he concludes to take a walk through the whole show. "To-day," he says to himself, "I'll not stop to look at anything, but just rush through from one end to the other and get the lay of the ground." Let me warn visitors against this mistake. I blundered in that way myself. One afternoon I thought I, too, would see the outside of everything in a single journey. I walked and walked and gaped and gaped till my neck ached. After some hours I felt a consciousness of great fatigue and concluded to sit down and rest. I bought a 10-cent guide-book containing a map of the grounds, and perceived that as yet I had seen but one-fourth of the buildings of the main exhibition, and had not entered the Midway plaisance at all. Then I measured on the map how far I had walked, and found that my eager feet had carried me no fewer than seven and a half miles.

The best thing the visitor can do on first arriving is to take several rides around the elevated railway. That runs from one end of the grounds to the other, and gives the most magnificent set of kaleidoscopic views that one ever beheld. If I were coming here this week for the first time I should spend the first day on the elevated trains and in the gondolas or launches on the lagoons. The next two or three days I should simply walk about the grounds and through that great international circus and museum, the Midway plaisance. After this I should divide the show up into sections, and take in one section each day.

WALTER WELLMAN.

It won't be long at this rate before Adlai's ax will be needed to chop Adlai out of an undeserved obscurity.—Washington Post.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any lung, throat or chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at F. R. Foster's Drug store. Large size 50c. $1.00.

The promptness and certainty of its cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy famous. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the most effectual remedy known for these diseases. Mr. C. B. Main of Union City, Pa., says: "I have a great sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I warrant every bottle, and have never heard of one failing to give entire satisfaction." 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

There is nothing I have ever used for muscular rheumatism that gives me as much relief as Chamberlain's Pain Balm does. I have been using it for two years (four bottles in all) as occasion required, and always keep a bottle of it in my home. I believe I know a good thing when I get hold of it, and Pain Balm is the best liniment I have ever met with. W. B. Denny, dairyman, New Lexington, Ohio. 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

The most painful cases of rheumatism may be relieved by a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Its continued use will cure any case no matter of how long standing. It is equally beneficial for [illegible] the side, pain in the chest [illegible] and in all painful affections requiring an external remedy. A piece of flannel dampened with Pain Balm and bound over the seat of pain is superior to any plaster. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

I have been troubled with catarrh for ten years and have tried a number of remedies but found no relief until I purchased a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. I consider it the most reliable preparation for catarrh and cold in the head.—Geo. E. Crandall, P. M., Quonocawantaug, R. I.

The breaking up of the winter is the signal for the breaking up of the system. Nature is opening up the pores and throwing off refuse. DeWitt's Sarsaparilla is of unquestionable assistance in this operation. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

I have been troubled with chronic catarrh for years. Ely's Cream Balm is the only one among the many remedies that I have used that affords me relief.—F. H. Willard, Druggist, Joliet, Ill.

Costiveness is the primary cause of much disease. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters will permanently cure costiveness. Every bottle warranted. For sale by H. [illegible] Weis.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once.

Notice.

All persons owing me book account are hereby notified to call and settle the same on or before May 1st, 1893, as I wish to balance my old books.

P. D. Hopkins.

April 4th, 1893.

Executor's Notice.

The subscriber, having been appointed Executor under the last will and testament of A. H. Burbank deceased, late of the borough of Smethport, McKean county, Pennsylvania, hereby gives notice that all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement without delay, and all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent will settle the same with

D. C. YOUNG,
Executor.

Smethport, Pa., Apr 1 25, 1893.—6w

For Rent.

Farm of 160 acres situated on Cole Creek, Farmers Valley. Liberal terms to responsible party. Term of years preferred. Rent taken in sheep or potatoes. A good chance for a live man. Address

J. STODDARD, JR.,
113 Orchard St.,
Elizabeth, N. J.

15-4t

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE joint stock company lately doing business under the name of The Smethport Manufacturing Company Limited was on the 15th day of April A. D. 1893 by a vote of a majority of all the members thereof dissolved, and the undersigned were by said members elected liquidating trustees for the purpose of winding up the business of the said Company as provided by the Act of Assembly of June 2, 1874, under which the said Company was formed.

J. A. McKEAN.
S. J. GIFFORD.
W. D. GALLUP.

Smethport, April 15 1893. 4t.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE copartnership heretofore existing between G. W. Williams and J. G. Williams, under the firm name of Williams & Son, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, G. W. Williams retiring from said firm. All accounts due said firm are to be paid to J. G. Williams, who will pay all bills owed by the firm.

G. W. WILLIAMS,
J. G. WILLIAMS.

Smethport, Pa., April 17, 1893.

SUBSCRIBE for the MINER.

WANTED SOLICITORS FIRST-CLASS.

to handle the Official Directory and Reference Book of the World's Columbian Exposition, profusely illustrated, handsomely bound, sells at popular price, pays good commissions. Everybody needs it [illegible] at this time and will buy it. Exclusive territory given. Send for handsome descriptive circular.

W. B. CONKEY CO., Publishers, Chicago, Ill.

B.H.&Co.

Buffalo May 3rd.

Did you know the greatest shoe stock in Western New York was under our roof? And that men's, women's and children's shoes are sold here on the same small margin of profit Dry Goods are? *Well its true.*

We have built up a great business in this department by selling only *Good Goods at small profit.* We dont want to make the usual shoe store profits. It is not necessary for us, as we do the shoe business in connection with our

DRY GOODS,
CARPET,
UPHOLSTERY,
MILLINERY and
BOYS' CLOTHING.

So we can afford to do business on a small margin. Here are a few illustrations:

At $1.50 Ladies' good Dongola Kid Shoes, plain patent leather toes all widths. We believe them to be actually worth $2.50.

At $2.00 Ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes a little finer grade of leather opera and common sense, usual price $3.00.

At $2.50 Ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes, still a little finer leather and more flexible—in other stores you pay $3.50.

At $3.00 An extra Fine Dongola Kid Shoe, plain and patent leather toes, opera and common sense, hand sewed. We guarantee that you can match it at $4.50 in a first class shoe house out out less. Try it and let and be convinced.

At $5.00 We sell the finest Ladie's Shoes made both "Gray's" and Burt's." In other cities they are sold at $6.50 and in this city it takes 6.50 to buy something like them.

Men's Finest Patent leather Dress and Street Shoes at $4.50. Why pay six for the same shoe?

You can order by mail and receive prompt attention and the services of skilled people to fill your orders.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

Central Pharmacy.

FRANK R FOSTER,
DEALER IN
DRUGS AND MEDICENES,
Fancy Goods,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
A FULL LINE OF
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

FRANK R. FOSTER,
PHARMACIST,
Grand Central Hotel Building, Smethport

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wolesale and Retail
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF
Nearly opposite Catholic church [illegible]
J. F. ROONEY.

H. L. ARMSTRONG,
JEWELER,
AND DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
Spectacles,
Toys,
Eye-glasses,

And all goods pretaining to a First-class Jewelry store.

Satisfaction guaranteed, and prices As Low as the Lowest. Call and inspect our new stock.

BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kreuger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is preparep to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS.

Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Breaks desired.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 6th, 1892.

HOTTON BROS. 196 BEST ROLLER PROCESS PORTVILLE, N.Y.

We are still retailing
FLOUR
at wholesale prices.

We have just received a carload of
GRASS SEED
including Timothy and Clover Seed, also Red Cob Ensilage Fodder Corn.

Write or call on us when you are ready to buy.

Choice white oats for seed.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A 12 H. P. Upright Boiler and Engine in good repair.

HOTTON BROS.,
PORTVILLE, N. Y.

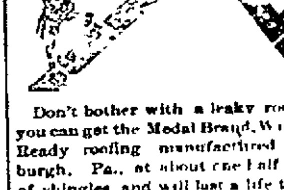
FOR SALE!

The County Right of McKean to sell the

Columbian Burglar Alarm.

Something new. Agents make big money. Best seller on the market. Write quick for particulars.

THE J. F. HARVEY NOVELTY MFG. CO.,
Johnsonburg, Pa.



Don't bother with a leaky roof when you can get the Medal Brand, Wire Edge, Ready roofing manufactured at Pittsburgh, Pa., at about one half the cost of shingles, and will last a life time.

2-ply Roll covers 100 square feet surface. $1.50

3-ply Roll covers same amount of surface. $2.00.

Any amount furnished on short notice. Apply to C. K. SARTWELL,
Smethport, Pa.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsey, Gravel Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling. Inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood and unless cause is removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Bright's Disease and Dropsy.—MRS. L. L. C. MILLER, Bethlehem, Pa. 1,000 other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE CO., 720 Venango St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by All Reliable Druggists.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL, "The Pile Ointment."—Trial size, 25 Cts.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages) MAILED FREE. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

JOHNSON'S
ANODYNE
LINIMENT
UNLIKE ANY OTHER
FOR
HOUSEHOLD USE.

Was originated and first prescribed by AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN in 1810. Could a remedy without real merit have survived over eighty years?

SOOTHING, HEALING, PENETRATING
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.

Stops Rheumatic Pains and Inflammation. Cures Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cramps and Pains, Summer Complaints, Cuts and Bruises like magic. Cures Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Cholera-Morbus, Chilblains, Chaps, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Muscles or Strains. Inhale for Nervous Headache. Ill'std Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price 35 cts. Six bottles, $2.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER.

DR. SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

Garfield Tea [illegible]

Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, [illegible]. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N. Y.

Cures Sick Headache

To the Ladies:

We have an elegant line of Ladies' Coats and Capes all of the newest styles and colors, which we are selling at the lowest prices. Also, the most fashionably trimmed Bonnets, Hats and Toques to be found outside the largest cities. Come and see for yourselves.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

WHY PEOPLE GO TO BRADFORD.

A great supply house where almost everything [illegible] a store that buys the most, sells the most and sells the cheapest. [illegible] stock that is up to the times, supplied with the best and the newest there is in the lines it keeps—that's L. Emery, Jr., & Co. For those advantages most people go to Bradford.

HOUSEKEEPERS GO THERE

For Housekeeping Utensils.

This stock has 500 of them. It has all the little things needed, from the best kind of stove enamel to unrivaled cooking utensils. All the larger things from stoves to dinner sets.

MOTHERS GO THERE

For Baby Carriages.

This stock has all styles. We can show you 125 styles and almost as many prices. Our baby cabs last, each has the novelty springs and a new patent brake.

PAINTERS GO THERE

Mostly for Rubber Paint.

For 15 years we have sold this paint and we know that the world knows no better.

They go for Sanitary Muraline—better than kalsomine. Painters have never wanted what we lack.

HORSE OWNERS GO THERE

For Harness.

They go for everything any horse needs from a halter to a horse shoe nail. Good harness as low as $8.50. You will marvel at our prices in this line. And remember we have everything.

The stock is a mammoth one. No housekeeper uses a third of the things that we have for her. No home is fitted with half the things that we keep for it. No painter, or carpenter, or mechanic knows of all this store is supplied with for him. No oil well, or gas well, mill or tannery lacks what we cannot supply.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,
43-45 Main St., Bradford.

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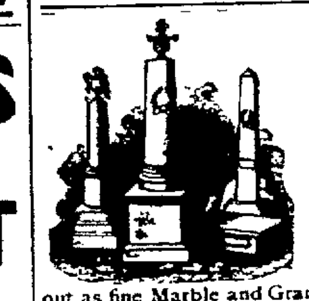
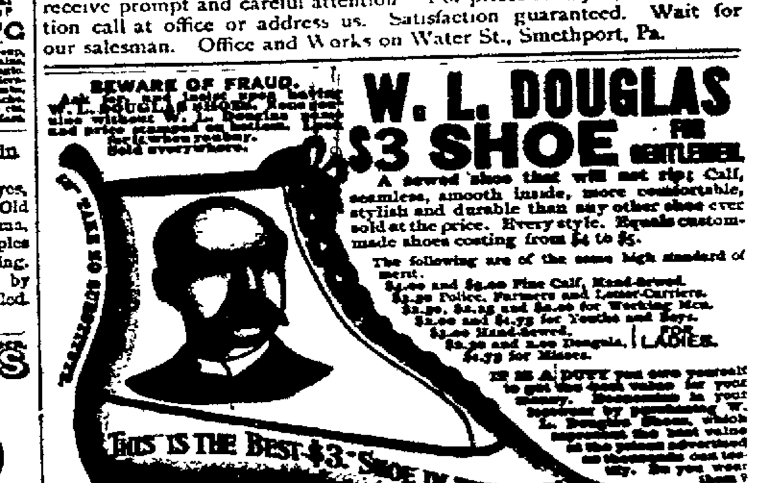


EXCELSIOR
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.
W. B. PRENTISS & CO., PROPS.

Our Office and works are now open, and having secured the services of one of the best workmen to be found in this section of the country, we are now prepared to get out as fine Marble and Granite and Cemetery work as can be had at any shop in the State. Special attention will be paid to all orders for grading and fencing of Cemetery Lots, Cleaning, Resetting or Lettering of Monuments and Headstones. All orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt and careful attention. For prices or any other information call at office or address us. Satisfaction guaranteed. Wait for our salesman. Office and Works on Water St., Smethport, Pa.



THIS IS THE BEST $3 SHOE IN THE WORLD
WILL NOT RIP

BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit.
$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, $2.50 and 2.00 Dongola, FOR LADIES.
$1.75 for Misses.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

FOR SALE BY STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

NATURAL WHITE OIL Will positively grow hair on a bald head. It's nature's true hair grower, discovered 1375 feet under the earth's surface. The only Natural Oil in the world. No poisonous drugs, purely a mineral product. Grows mustache and whiskers. Cures Dandruff permanently, stops hair falling out. It is readily absorbed and its use will leave no greasy after-effect. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sold by all druggists. 50 cents per bottle, two bottles direct express prepaid, on receipt of price. Put on the trade only by the WHITE ROCK OIL CO., Toledo, O.

For sale by F. R. FOSTER.

The McKean County Miner

... postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

Smethport, Pa., May 5, 1893.

CLUBBING RATES.

... send the MINER and any ... mentioned below ... any address, as follows:

... and New York Tribune

... and Philadelphia Week...

... and Albany Weekly

... and Pittsburg Chronicle

... and Judge Library of ... for $1.60.

... and Harrisburg Weekly

... and New York World

... and Cosmopolitan Mag...

... and American Econo...

... and Demorest Family ... $3.10.

... and National Tribune,

... and Scribner's Magazine

... and Home Market Bul...

L AND GENERAL.

... Brownell is a stayer.

... our new advertisements.

... your houses and cellars.

... court convenes next Monday.

... boom has about ex-...

... shirts and russet shoes are ...

... streams keep the fishermen ...

... children are in hopes of an ...

... time of year to renovate ...

... F. Wright is making some ... his hotel.

... Hooker is repairing his lower ... residence.

... thinks this a very poor ... road making.

... our advertisements. You ... you don't advertise.

... contractors have commenced ... new school building.

... Evening Mail has ... gone up the spout."

... of Smethport people are ... attend the world's fair.

... could be well invested in ... for rent in Smethport.

... seats for Mullaugh's Musical ... the opera house May 9th.

... porter and the Record were ... at Tuesday's convention.

... letter from Pioneer ... received too late for this issue.

W. L. Cooper will open a ... school in Bradford, May ...

... Nash is building a sidewalk in ... his residence on lower Main ...

The MINER staff extends congratulations to County Superintendent elect W. P. Eckels.

The Travelers Club met at the ... of Mrs. Warley Gifford last Saturday evening.

... indigestible and succulent straw... short cake will soon be ripe says ... Record.

... Port Allegany wheelmen ... Smethport last Sunday and dined ... Wright House.

... Passmore received a very hand... vote in the School Directors' convention last Tuesday.

... man who is continually apply... principles to things in gen... cover of truth.

... and garden makers are be... get discouraged by the long ... wet weather.

... want some information on the ... don't fail to examine the ... page of this paper.

... the cold, rainy weather lets ... long there will be a scarcity of ... Memorial Day.

... H. E. Roth of Marlborough ... elected Superintendent of the ... schools last Tuesday.

... coming events cast their shadows ... Prospective candidates should ... the support of ... your ...

... an interesting convocation ... Encampment K. O. S. J. M. ... Eckels hall next Tuesday.

... Club is in a highly ... condition we are informed by ... McEvoy and the membership ... increasing.

... Christie, of Colegrove, caught ... trout out of Colegrove ... Monday, which weighed five ... dressed.

... fat overgrown baby ... pressed the button last Mon... started the machinery of the ... into motion.

... Stickles seems to be waking up ... to the fact that they need no ... 100 per cent profit for a good ... articles of merchandise.

The reform newspaper triumvirate ... the best expert repudiation last ... when Cooper its candidate for ... superintendency was defeated.

... Superintendent Eckels was ... a rousing serenade on Tuesday ... crowd of his youthful ad... by the Juvenile Quintet.

... indebted to Capt. Isaac B. ... Secretary of Internal Affairs, ... Part 1, of the Annual Report ... department for the year 1892.

... of Kane, H. T. Mor... and Robert Dean of Keating ... good material as could be ... convention to count the ...

... face of Wallace Ostran... been sojourning in Mt. Jew... months, is again noticed ... Wallace is evidently tired ... salubrious climate on the ...

... that oil was struck in the ... drilled by the Port Allega... near the "devil's elbow" in ... township. Time will determine ... well amounts to, at present ... is boarded up.

... has a model farm, and ... of the best cooks in this ... the Smethport road, none ... the auditor's apples are of a ... variety, his mineral beverage ... for itself.—Mt. Jewett Herald.

—Civil Engineer John A. Seymour is at Emporium, making surveys for a plan of sewers for that borough. He also made plans, etc., for the sewer at Smethport, which was recently let to ex-County Commissioner Kelly, and will be put in at once.—Era.

—Eugene Mullin, Esq., made an argument before the Supreme Court in Philadelphia this week for a new trial for Ralph Crossmire, basing the application on the rulings of Judge Morrison. District Attorney Bouton and Attorney Cotter were there to oppose a new trial.

Our esteemed townsman, W. J. Colegrove, Esq., has been confined at his home on King street, owing to quite serious illness, for three weeks past. His many friends will be glad to know, however, that under Dr. E. G. Brown's skillful treatment, he is gradually recovering.

Rev. R. C. Grimes of Olean will preach in the M. E. church of this place next Sunday morning and evening. During a four years pastorate in Olean Rev. Grimes has established the reputation of being an exceptionally fine pulpit orator. Large audiences will greet him here Sunday.

The Chicago *Mail* defines pessimism and optimism as follows: "Pessimism: When there isn't rain there's dust. Optimism: When there's rain there isn't dust." To which may be added the statement that neither pessimism nor optimism will have any dust after they get through with Chicago this summer.

The new sewer which will soon be in course of construction, will enhance the attractiveness of Smethport and make it one of the most desirable towns in which to reside, that there is in Pennsylvania. Smethport can boast of social advantages which few towns possess. It is a good business place with fair railroad facilities and has the best water supply in the state.

Hon. Wm. F. Wheeler of Portville, will accept our thanks for a copy of the New York "Legislative Souvenir" for 1893. It is an interesting volume, giving brief biographical sketches with excellent photographs of the Governor, Lieut. Governor, and members of the two houses of the Legislature, also fine views of the exterior and interior of New York's magnificent State Capitol.

Mr. L. W. Crawford, of Roulette, was in Port Allegany Tuesday visiting old friends and acquaintances. Mr. Crawford was recently installed Eminent Commander of Potter Commandery, with Stephen C. Bush, Generalissimo, and W. W. Thompson, Capt. General. Mr. Crawford has appointed Peter A. McDonald S. W., Harry [illegible], J. W., and Daniel Vanwegen Prelate.—Reporter.

Mullaugh's Musical Comedy Co. augmented by a Gold Band and Grand Operatic Orchestra will appear at Kittredge Opera House on next Tuesday evening. This excellent company of Merrymakers are spoken of in the highest terms by the press all over the country. The entertainment is a novel one, the feature being the Minstrel Commedietta entitled the Rehearsal of the Band Boys Minstrels.

The G. A. R. church service, which takes place on the Sunday afternoon preceding Memorial day promises to be unusually interesting this year. Rev. E. H. Latimer, presiding elder of the Genesee conference, a veteran of the war and one of the most eloquent divines of the country, will preach the Memorial sermon, on Sunday afternoon, May 28th, at the Methodist church. The hour will be designated hereafter.

Mrs. Catharine Richards, wife of the late Thos. Richards, of Hamlin township, died in the Warren Insane Asylum on Tuesday evening of this week, aged [illegible] years. After the loss of her husband last year, her mind seemed to be affected. She gradually grew worse, and a few weeks ago she was removed to the Warren Asylum. She leaves a family of seven children, all adults. The funeral services will be held in the Catholic church in this place, this Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

Mrs. Lease writes to the editor of the MINER, from her home in Wichita, Kansas, on the 24th of April as follows: "In reply to your favor of April 21st, it would indeed afford me great pleasure to visit after many years the scenes of my early girlhood and deliver the Memorial Day address you speak of. But I cannot just at present tell you definitely. I am detained at home by the severe illness of my youngest child. If he is well improved in time for me to reach Pennsylvania by the 30th of May you may certainly expect me. In any event I will wire you."

B. F. Wright, the proprietor of the popular Wright House at Smethport, calls the attention of the people of this section to his house, through these columns this week. At present the house is enjoying the most extensive patronage of any hotel at the county seat. The prices are moderate and the accommodations are of the best. Mr. Wright makes an excellent host and has a [illegible] of making his guests feel at home. All Port Allegany people stop at the Wright House and speak in praise of their reception.—Reporter.

United We Stand

There is an old saying to the effect that it is foolish for a man to bite off his nose merely to spite his face. It is applicable to the business relations of all communities. In almost every town and county there are by far too many cliques or factions; too many men who are envious or jealous of their fellow citizens. Incidents are not wanting wherein the exercise of this propensity has resulted in positive detriment to the interest of the people. It is unnecessary to specify cases. Every one knows it is true. What is needed is more of action, more harmony, and more "pulling together" for the good of all with less jealousy and antagonism. Nothing is more natural than that there should be some clashing in business, some differences of opinion, but it does not necessarily follow as a consequence that the parties should swear vengeance, and devote the balance of their lives to wrangling, and continually throwing stumbling blocks in the way of each other.

A Leader

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medical tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of stomach, liver or kidneys. It will cure sick headache, indigestion, constipation and drive malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c. per bottle. Sold by F. R. Foster.

Wanted.

A quantity of day men, also bark-peelers. Apply at Palmerville, near Clermont, to H. PALMER & SON.

May 1st, 1893.—4w.

Do you wish to enjoy good health, if so, use Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, which cleanse the bowels and purify the blood.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in that place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

L. V. Harris, of Bradford spent Sunday in this place.

Wm. D. Brauner of Kane makes a very handsome secretary.

Miss Tavia Hamer is visiting friends in Port Allegany this week.

Con Hollihill is spending a vacation with friends in Pittsburg.

M. Dunn, of Sweeden Valley was in town the fore part of the week.

Col. A. I. Wilcox of Bradford was registered at the Wright House Monday.

Mr. Frank White of Buffalo, was the guest of H. C. Wells the first of the week.

Ham Hill, who has been spending a few days in Warren, is back to his old stand at the Central.

Will Fortle, who has been visiting his parents at Great Bend, Pa., returned home on Monday last.

After an absence of several months, Mrs. S. E. Strong, has returned to her home in East Smethport.

The Misses Mary and Lizzie Hewitt have opened a dressmaking establishment over M. L. Armstrong's store.

Miss Maude Ridle, who has been visiting Port Allegany friends for several weeks, returned home on Monday.

Mrs. L. C. Ross, of Coudersport, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Colegrove, at their home on King street.

Miss Hannah Brossler who has been visiting with friends and relatives for several weeks, returned to her home Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Knight returned Wednesday evening after an absence of 18 months in Herriman, Tenn. Mr. K. looks much improved in health.

Mrs. E. E. Brown of Rixford attended the convention on Tuesday and made an eloquent speech in nominating Irvine Passmore for the Superintendency.

J. A. Verlen left Wednesday for his farm near Jamestown, N. Y., where he will finish his house and rebuild the barn which were destroyed by fire last fall.

Mrs. Hannah Hamlin and Mrs. Eugenia Hamlin and daughter Nettie, spent several days in Buffalo the latter part of last and fore part of this week.

Hon. and Mrs. B. D. Hamlin, who have been sojourning in the sunny south for a few months past returned to their home in this place on Tuesday evening of this week.

G. Hatfield, Lorenzo Drake and Col. J. A. Vera, who represented Bradford township at the School Directors' Convention on Tuesday last gave the sanctum of the MINER office the light of their countenances for a brief season, while in town.

Sam Griffith, who is talked about as the Republican candidate for Sheriff, Harry Curran, the popular hotel man at Kane, Albert Peterson, a wide awake business man and Frank Meese, the "[illegible] contributor," were [illegible] the mountain on Tuesday and helping along the Eckels boom.

Messrs D. E. Walter, D. H. Goodsell, Burt Backus, [illegible] Backus and John Ross, accompanied by Misses Edith [illegible], Nettie Backus, Lulu Keenan, Rose [illegible] and Lucy Backus, drove to E. Hull last Sunday. They feasted on warm sugar at the residence of Mrs. Chas. [illegible].

School Directors' Convention.

The school directors of McKean county assembled in Smethport last Tuesday for the purpose of electing a superintendent of public schools for the ensuing three years. The electors congregated at the court house and promptly at 2 o'clock P. M., Superintendent W. P. Eckels called the convention to order, stating that a temporary chairman would be elected.

Ninety-six directors answered to roll call, after which a permanent organization was effected by the unanimous choice of Hon. T. A. Morrison for chairman and W. B. Beamer for secretary.

The chair appointed Robert Dexter, H. F. Morkin and David Howells tellers.

After a somewhat prolonged deliberation, it was decided that A. M. Kluckner representing [illegible] borough, now annexed to Bradford city, was legally entitled to vote in the organization.

It was proposed and strongly urged by the Kane representatives to increase the salary of the County Superintendent from [illegible] to [illegible] dollars. David Howells was one of the most conspicuous champions of this measure, while Attorneys E. B. Mayo and E. L. Keenan opposed it, showing that it would materially affect the county School fund.

W. P. Eckels, Irvine Passmore and W. L. Cooper were named for the superintendency, eloquent speeches accompanying their nominations. The balloting commenced and was very close, Eckels and Passmore taking and maintaining the lead. The thirteenth ballot decided the contest, Eckels receiving the requisite forty-nine votes. After the result was announced and Mr. Eckels was declared the Superintendent-elect, he received many congratulations from his enthusiastic friends.

Following are the votes on each ballot. The first ballot resulted in 40 votes for Eckels, 30 for Passmore and 27 for Cooper. The second ballot gave Eckels 38, Passmore 35, Cooper 25. There was no change in the third ballot. On the fourth Eckels received 39, Passmore 34, Cooper 24. In the fifth ballot Eckels had 39, Passmore 35, Cooper 21. Sixth ballot Eckels 38, Passmore 41, Cooper 19. Seventh ballot, Eckels 41, Passmore 42, Cooper 14. Eighth, Eckels 37, Passmore 45, Cooper 14. Ninth, Eckels 39, Passmore 45, Cooper 12. Tenth, Eckels 40, Passmore 45, and Cooper 12. Eleventh, Eckels 45, Passmore 45, Cooper 6. Twelfth, Eckels 44, Passmore 45, Cooper 7. Thirteenth Eckels 47, Passmore 45, Cooper 4. Fourteenth ballot, Eckels 49, Passmore 43, and Cooper 4.

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN

Items of Interest Gathered from Various Sources by the Man With the Shears.

Subscribe for the MINER.

A car load of choice timothy and clover just received at W. D. Gallup's. tf.

—Piles of people have piles, but DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

A car load of choice timothy and clover just received at W. D. Gallup's. tf

"A stitch in time" often saves consumption. Downs Elixir used in time saves life.

Whiskey and tobacco habit cured or no charge. Don't fail to correspond. J. L. COCHRANE, Lock Box 317, Greensburg, Pa.

Something new in the line of collars Gleason & [illegible] have just received what is termed a cork collar. Call in and examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

A little ill, then a little pill. The ill is gone the pill has won. DeWitt's Little Early Risers the pills that cure great ills. For Sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Do you lack faith and love health? Let us establish your faith and restore your health with DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. For Sale by A. B. Armstrong.

THE COUNTY.

Interesting News From Various Localities Picked up by Our Regular Correspondents.

KANE.

The family of James Hallahan are moving to Martinsville, W. Va.

J. W. Daley, of the Kane Republican, wife and child spent Sunday in Olean.

J. T. Kubber is making a number of improvements around his new brick building.

Miss Ada Mahon, of the Leader, was in Warren on Monday. She is at home when there.

Mrs. Rochrock, mother of H. H. Corson, has purchased the Geo. Wyvel property on Bayard street.

Elder Hubbard preached another one of his practical sermons in the Presbyterian church on Sunday.

Fred. J. C. House was installed Grand Treasurer of Pennsylvania Commandery, Knight Templars, at Erie last week.

Rev. Geo. Winkler has added much to the appearance of the Parochial residence and church by grading in front of both.

Rev. Geo. Winkler, of the St. Callistus Church, is holding forty hours devotion, assisted by several Priests from other places.

Geo. H. Hall returned on Saturday from a trip in the west. He has been looking at the trees in the far out lumber regions in the great west.

J. Y. Woods will leave shortly for the World's Fair and an extended trip through Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming and the Dakotas. He expects to be gone four months or more.

The old Liberty Bell, aged 141 years, was given more attention when here last week than the 200 young Kane belles who were out in the midnight air to view the elderly bell.

Tommy, the 4 year old son of F. A. Lyte, while playing at home last week fell off the porch and broke his left arm. He fractured the same arm by a fall a short time ago.

A couple of our young smart alecks had a trivial misunderstanding while viewing the Liberty Bell. Policeman McDonald's presence settled the difficulty before either sustained any damage. Patriotic, weren't they?

Someone who had not the fear of God in his heart perpetrated a joke on some few persons with a [illegible] circular that the old Liberty Bell was broken in 1835, when rung in honor of the passage of the fugitive slave law. Who did it?

One thing was noticeable among the escort with the old Liberty Bell, but few of them wore ornaments. Mark Donovan explains this away. He says they snatched them just before reaching Wilcox and neglected to put them before on coming into Kane.

Clyde W. Rush, an outside employe at the West Line Mills of E. K. Kane, had his ankle painfully injured on Saturday by being caught by the log carriage. The flesh was terribly lacerated and several pieces of bone broken from the ankle joint. He was taken to his home at East Spring creek.

The Kane Daily Republican begins to look like an assured thing. Daily papers are read by men of all political parties, especially by all business men, and consequently do the greatest and most good in the town in which they are published. Let us have the daily by all means. Business men, encourage it.

Gust Larson and wife, of [illegible], were taking their 3 months old baby to the [illegible] Swedish church on Sunday to have it baptised. When removing the wraps for the ceremony the child was found to be dead, having been smothered. The parents were almost frantic when they discovered that the child was dead.

Jeremiah Cronon, a glass blower, aged 23 years, died at the boarding house of Thomas Weyer on Monday last, of congestion of the brain. He was an exemplary young man and had many friends in Kane among all classes. His father and two brothers were at his bedside. They left Tuesday morning with his remains for his former home at Meadville, where the interment took place on Wednesday. Many of his fellow workmen were at the train.

John [illegible], of Wilcox, was brought to the [illegible] Hospital last Wednesday suffering from an intestinal obstruction originating probably from an injury received over twenty-five years ago by falling on an axe he was carrying. Thursday Dr. [illegible] Kane, assisted by his brother Dr. Thos. L. Kane and Dr. J. L. Wright, successfully performed the [illegible] surgical operation of [illegible]. The patient is greatly improved and there is every reason to believe that he will recover.

By introducing the evangelistic work Mrs. Hickman and several other ladies of the Helping Hand Mission Society have succeeded in persuading a young lady to leave a house of a somewhat questionable character on the west side, and she left on Monday for her home in Canada. She was known here as Sadie Leslie, that being only an assumed name. Will the Mission Society send a few more such noble ladies as Mrs. Hickman to the other side, there are a few more subjects there for moral suasion.

The meeting of the board of trade in the opera house to consider propositions from an eastern shoe factory was [illegible] attended, and those present manifested seemingly but little interest [illegible] Kane than you can shake a stick at [illegible] together, assist the board of trade in their every effort that they are now making.

ELDRED.

Prof. Myers, of the Eldred schools, visited out of town on Sunday.

W. S. George, of Duke Centre, visited in Eldred this week, at the residence of George Walker.

Ed McKee has taken possession of his newly purchased home on North Main street, the Eckerson property.

Mr. W. H. Hunt, of Pittsburg, passed a portion of last week in town, a guest at the residence of his sister, Mrs. L. Barbour.

The store fronts of the village are putting on a great deal of style this spring. They are treating that favorite homely to a tasty coat of paint.

Prof. Irwin Passmore, principal of the Mt. Jewett schools, was in town Saturday, taking a last look over the ground previous to the [illegible] Tuesday.

The ever genial Will Rogers, came down from Buffalo this week to see the boys and has [illegible]. Will is reported as being very successful in the real estate business in the Queen City.

C. W. Dorrion & Co., the leading grocers of this place, have placed a very fine case for green stuff and vegetables, in front of their place of business, and by means of a pressure the stock can be continually kept fresh.

P. R. Cotter, our famous criminal lawyer, was called to Emporium last Saturday evening, to represent the Commonwealth in the [illegible]. He was detained so that he was not present at the County Superintendent convention Tuesday.

The Hon. C. H. Gould, of Emporium, visited his son, C. H., at this place over Sunday. He is one of the many trusted employees being post master at Emporium, and feeling considerably relieved to think that his cares will soon be lightened, as his term expires next month.

Owing to the continued severe illness of L. D. [illegible], and the fact that he was not improving, his physicians, Drs. Young and [illegible] decided to tap him in the region of the heart, and performed the operation Tuesday, and it was successful in so far as the patient was at once relieved, and hopes are now entertained of his recovery.

Some changes have been rung in around the [illegible] depot in the force employed there of late. The resignation of M. V. Hotchkiss, who has gone to the grape farm in Chautauqua county, left a vacancy in the office and baggage room, which will be filled by Grant Holmes, the telegraph operator, and H. H. Heath will help on the transfer business.

A. T. Harden, the pioneer dry goods merchant of this section, has made another step forward to keep abreast of the times in his line of business. He has fitted up the second floor of his fine new brick store, and put in a fine line of millinery and furnishings, which is under the supervision of Mrs. [illegible], of Buffalo. He had a grand opening of this department last Saturday.

Another example was rendered last Thursday for the benefit of the [illegible], who infest continually the neighborhood of the Union depot. Harvey Fisher came near being killed. He was walking along side of a train which was pulling into the depot, and when opposite, the engine struck a torpedo, which had been attached to the rail, and it exploded and a portion of it struck him over the eye, inflicting a very severe injury.

The Bradford Record says a big boxing match is booked to take place before an Eldred audience before long. We have made diligent inquiries but failed to verify the statement, and it seems to be a canard, but by the way, why would not a contest of that kind, conducted under the auspices of the Eldred Athletic Club, be something worth seeing? The boys appear to be in a comatose state and need something of that sort to awaken them.

The reformers are again afflicted with one of their periodical spasms of goodness and have circulated remonstrances against Messrs. [illegible], of this place, to stop their bottling [illegible] establishment at this place, which is one of the best conducted places in the county. Those gentlemen going to any lengths to comply not only with all the laws on the question, but also to strictly follow all the requirements laid down by the Judge. It is well they got the signatures from some other sections, as everybody knows not a half-dozen people could be gotten here at home to oppose those gentlemen in this matter.

CERES.

Mrs. C. H. Gleason and Miss M. King visited in Olean Friday.

H. A. Rose, of Port Allegany, passed Sunday with friends in Ceres.

L. A. Carrier has rented the Peabody farm and will turn Granger the coming year.

Mrs. E. Simmons, who is conducting a millinery store in Bolivar, passed Sunday in this place.

Foster Dickerson, of Dodges Creek, has moved into the Higgins property, lately vacated by Chas. Ball.

D. E. Miller has rented the Vulcan Springs property and will occupy it as a residence during the summer.

T. D. Washburn has purchased the place just above town, and known as the Wright property, and is preparing to occupy it.

John Miller, who has been in Canaseraga a few days, returned on his wheel Friday making the trip of 30 miles in 3 hours.

Mrs. G. W. Hackett has returned from a weeks visit in Buffalo, accompanied by her husband, who has been attending medical college there.

Case Bros. have finished a drilled well at the rear of F. H. Raymond's dwelling, which proves one of those artesians of which Pennsylvania Ave. is noted.

Miss Lottie Cheney, of Jamestown, entertained the people of this place last Saturday and Sunday evenings, by a lecture on Woman's Suffrage. A reception was given her Monday evening by the ladies of the W. C. T. U., in the church parlors.

A family reunion was held at F. H. Raymond's Monday, the occasion being the return of Mr. and Mrs. [illegible], who have been for the past two years in Australia, and Miss Lib-[illegible] by her brother [illegible] King.

Upon complaint, Officer [illegible] and a couple of deputies, raided the [illegible] last Monday and [illegible]. Two were [illegible] and three were from [illegible]. All were released upon paying the officer for his trouble, [illegible]. By the way, one of the [illegible] had not been [illegible] for fifteen years, but Monday was his day of destiny.

Friday night parties in the commonwealth there and still unknown, proceeded to burglar a little to the expense of the R. R. and Express Company. They procured an ax and crowbar and opened the depot. The sample trunks of a dry goods salesman met their sight; they unlocked them with the bar much to the detriment of trunks and locks, and took a few samples of underwear of little value. From the cash drawer they obtained about $1.00 in pennies; from the express matter they got four pairs of shoes and a box of gloves; then they borrowed Mr. Gleason's speeder to wheel themselves to White House and that ended the trace.

PORT ALLEGANY.

W. H. Vastris had business in Coudersport last Saturday.

Rev. M. J. Abbey spent Sunday with friends in Coudersport.

Orlando Gurdick and son are visiting in New York State this week.

Mrs. C. W. Catlin is spending the week with her parents in Costello, Potter county.

Clayton Gallup is waiting on customers in B. C. Gallup's hardware store on Main street, now a days.

Miss Tavia Hamer, of Smethport, is visiting with her friend, Miss Flora Baker, in this place this week.

E. P. Dalrymple, who has been in New York for the last two weeks, returned home last Saturday evening.

Messrs. J. H. Williams, J. W. Kershner and Matt Snyder drove over to Smethport on business last Tuesday.

The Catholics are making some changes in and about their church in this place; they will also have it repainted.

Those that wish to be in style in this place this spring, will have to keep their premises looking neat and sweet.

Will Keeney is having his Pine street residence decorated with a new porch and other improvements this week.

Clayton Young has secured a position as clerk in the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad freight house in Buffalo. We hope Clate will do well in his new undertaking.

Quite a number of our citizens attended the sale of Hock's household goods at Turtle Point, last Monday morning. There is no room in Port Allegany for men who do not pay their honest debts.

Charles Anderson, who has been employed in Carstens & Deck's bakery, has united with Oscar Thoren in the furniture business. They will do business at the old stand, and we wish the new firm much success.

This week closes one more successful year in our Graded School, of which Prof. Adams has been the principal. A large class will graduate next Friday evening. The commencement exercises will be held in the opera house.

Miss J. N. Pope, a teacher from the Sandwich Islands, gave a short talk at the Methodist Church last Sunday morning, concerning her work on the islands as a teacher of the Bible. Miss Pope is not a public speaker, but she has some very pleasant ways, and her talk was much enjoyed by the congregation.

RIXFORD.

Mrs. Revels and family have moved to Jamestown.

Viola Walbey returned from Marionville on Tuesday of last week.

The young ladies of the Epworth League have a interesting drama in rehearsal.

Hon. Lorenzo Brown, of Vernon, Vt., was the guest of his brother, C. R. Brown, last week.

M. G. Dennis attended Director's convention held in Smethport on Tuesday, May 2nd.

Dr. McPherson, of Greenville, Pa., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Donnelly last week.

The funeral of James Hollis, formerly of Rixford, was held in Duke Centre on Monday afternoon.

Fred Johnson, who is at Hollstown under the treatment of Ridgway, is reported improving slowly.

The R. T. of T. gave the victors in their literary contest the promised supper last Friday night.

J. B. Wright has all the available workers in town employed in building a narrow guage railroad to his new lumber purchase.

Mr. Shields, who was injured so severely at saw mill some time ago, is convalescing and his friends hope to see him out before long.

Hetie Curtis has moved her confectionery store into the building vacated by Mrs. N. C. Clark. Her display of "sweets" is very attractive.

Mr. Hineman returned from Cambridge last week very ill. He was scarcely able to reach home and has ever since been confined to the house.

Mrs. T. H. Lawry took leave of her friends in this place on Wednesday evening of last week. Her future home will be Oakland, near Pittsburg.

The Misses Jennie and Minnie Givins, from Bradford, with their brother, one of whom is just from Ireland, spent the Sabbath with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Givins.

Clark's opera house was packed on the evening of the open meeting of the E. A. U. The entertainment was pronounced excellent by those who were fortunate enough to secure seats.

COLEGROVE.

Miss Mertie Oviatt visited relatives in Smethport last Saturday.

Mrs. B. Sanford returned from Smethport last Saturday, after a week visit with relatives and friends.

Supervisors Burdick and Bartlett are filling with stone the low road near the Crosby station and Warner Brook.

C. Flower, one of the U. P. L. Co's operators, formerly, has gone to Buffalo, where he has accepted a position the Snow Pump Works of that place.

M. L. Bartlett has the contract for putting up the new barn for F. H. Granteer. Wm. Kelly, of Austin, has charge of the work which was commenced this week.

Miss Sybie McMillian expects to close her term of school at Crosby on Wednesday of next week. An entertainment will be given by the school the same evening.

Some of the pupils instructed by Prof. Hard, gave a musicale last Friday evening at the residence of Mrs. H. B. Heineman. Those in attendance, pronounced it very good.

Mr. Coady, formerly of Palmerville, is already hauling the timber for the necessary buildings to accommodate those in his employ. Mr. Coady has a contract for peeling several thousand cords of bark on the land of Clinton Comes. The locality is about two miles above Crosby, between Daley and Wolcott Brooks.

FAT PEOPLE

To reduce your weight SURELY use Willard's Obesity Pills and lose 15 pounds a month. No injury to the health. No interference with business or pleasure. NO STARVING. They build up and improve the general health, beautify the complexion and leave NO WRINKLES. *Lucy Anderson, 34 Auburn St., Cambridge, Mass., writes: three bottles of your Obesity Pills reduced my weight from [illegible] pounds to [illegible] and I never felt better in all my life. I am much pleased with the result, and shall do all I can to help you.* Our patrons include Physicians, Bankers, Lawyers, and leaders of society. Our goods are not sold in drug stores; all orders are supplied direct from our office. Price per package $2.00 or three packages for $5.00 by mail prepaid. Particulars (sealed) 4cts. ALL CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL. 15 6m

WILLARD REMEDY CO., BOSTON, MASS.

10 Per Cent Power Saved

—BY BUYING YOUR—

CYCLES

of us. This accomplished with an invention of our own which is fitted to all our Bicycles without extra charge. Do not buy without looking over our fine lines at all prices, and remember a saving of 10 per cent power is quite an item and has other advantages.

M. A. WOODBURY,
11 45 Mechanic St.,
Bradford, Pa.

WAGONS!

Don't make a purchase until you have examined my stock and prices. They are superior in material and workmanship, and prices very low.

I make a specialty of

HORSESHOEING

and am prepared to do repairing of all kinds. Wagon and Blacksmith shop on Water street.

WM. MASSER.

EMIL THAMM,
Manufacturer of
CIGARS
And Dealer in
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
—PIPES, —ETC.—
49 MAIN STREET,
SMETHPORT, PA.,
Next Door to Callan's Drug Store. June 15-6m

I SAY

THE RACKET STORE

Will Save U 25 per cent

U say dam lie.

I say come & C.

Pay as U go & U will not O.

Autograph Albums 8 cents.
Accordeons from $1.00 to $3.00.
Boots—tap stops $1.71; fine $1.77.
Brushes of all kinds.
Balsam, Green Mountain, 4 oz. for 10 cents.
Card Board Mottoes—8x20 inches 8 cents.
Clocks—8 day strike—$2.18.
Corsets 23 cents up.
Dolls, 7 inch China, 3 cents and up.
Elastic cord 2 cents a yard—1 inch web 4 cents.
Frying pans for cooking fish 4 cents.
Farmer's suspenders, Xtra heavy, 13 cents, fine 16 cents.
Gloves, 8 cents & up.
Guns $2.50.
Hammers, steel finished, 23 cents.
Hats, Men's dress straw, 20 cents, same as U pay 50 cents for.
Harvest hats 4 cents. Ladies' hats trimmed in New York $1.00 to $7.10.
Ink, 3 cents per bottle.
Japanese oil, cures all pain, 18 cents.
Knee pants suits 94 cents up.
Knives, pocket, 3 cents up.
Knives, table, 30 cents to $1.50.
Lace Pillow Shams 73 cents up.
Lace trimming 1 cent to 10 cents.
Lamp wicks, 2, 3 and 4 cents per dozen.
Money purses 4 to 15 cents.
Needles 1 cent per paper—darning 3 cents per dozen.
Neck bands 4 cents.
Overalls 24 cents up.
Oil cloth—table—18 cents a yard.
Pills cures all ills, 10 cents.
Pearl buttons 9 cents per dozen.
Pens 5 cents per dozen.
Pins 1 cent a paper.
Quick sales and 25 per cent profit—not 100.
Rivets, all kinds.
Slate pencils, 3 for 1 cent.
Shawls $1 up.
Shears, solid steel, warranted, 8 inch, 37 cents.
Saws, 26 inch, warranted good, 37 cents.
Safety pins, 2 cents per dozen.
Tacks, assorted sizes 1 lb. 8 cents.
Tin pail, 14 quart, 19 cents.
Teapot, 2 quart, 10 cents.
Thread, 200 yard, 3 cord cotton, 2 cents a spool.
Umbrellas, silk, 34 cents.
Veiling, Parisian, 14 cents a yard.
Vests, Children's & Ladies 8 to 23 cents.
Window Shades, best roller springs, 20 cents & up.
Watches, $2.45 & up.
Xtra Auction Bargains every week.

Our goods R new & clean, & R warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

Come & C our prices & goods B4 U buy elsewhere. Look 2 this at Ice. If U have been paying 2 prices come to The Racket & pay cash.

A. E. STICKLES.

East Smethport, May 1st, 1893.

1893.

EVERYTHING NEW FOR SPRING!

House-cleaning season is almost here and with it our new spring goods. We are better prepared for the occasion than ever. Should you need new

CARPETS

give us a call. We have ingrain from 25 cents per yard up. All wool, 2 ply ingrain at 57½ cents.

We also have a full line of

FURNITURE,
DRAPERIES,
WINDOW SHADES,
WALL PAPER,
OIL CLOTHS,

and in fact a full ine of house furnishing goods.

We sell for cash and by so doing can undersell houses that sell on time. We pay the freight on all out of town deals and will deliver and set up all furniture sold in town.

UNDERTAKING

in all its branches a specialty. We shall endeavor to merit your esteemed patronage, which we respectfully solicit. Very truly yours,

FURNITURE AND CARPET COMPANY,

Smethport, Pa., March 8, 1893.

BROWNELL BROS,
SMETHPORT, PA.,

Manufactured by
SWANTON SUSPENDER CO.
SWANTON VT.
KEEP YOUR PANTS ON with the ATWOOD SUSPENDER.

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR EPECUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Goods, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

FINE TAILORING
AT LOWEST PRICES!

FLORENZE STICKELS,
MERCHANT ·. TAILOR,
In the Armstrong, JOHNSONBURG, PA.

FINE -:- WORK -:- A -:- SPECIALTY.

All the Novelties for Fall and Winter Wear Now in Stock.

Branch Store at Brockwayville. F. L. SWANEY, Manager.

You
Want
Something?

That is comfortable, stylish and seasonable. Our song is Russet shoes; the dust does not show on them: the heat does not effect them: you want a pair, Lady, Gentleman or Child, it matters not, they are equally sensible for one and all. Ladies Piccadilly Blucher, $4; Men's Handmade Piccadilly Blucher, $4.50. Good shoes and Good shoes only is our cry. Send us an order on the next mail. Russet Polish, 25c.

BLOODSWORTH & CO. Olean, N. Y.

(Mention this paper when ordering goods.)

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

LADIES SPRING WRAPS.

Our stock in this line is complete, we are showing this season, the largest assortment, and the most handsome line of wraps, that have ever been shown in the town. Ladies it will be to your interest to inspect our stock before making your selection for spring; prices moderate.

CARPETS.

In this department we are handling the celebrated Lowell carpets in the latest patterns and new, soft, delicate colors; a very large assortment to select from; prices from 20 c. per yd.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Our trade in Boots and Shoes this spring has been away ahead of any previous spring, and is still increasing. The reason is, we handle no cheap goods, but try to buy the best makes we can find. Our stock embraces all the new colors for the season, in the Blucher cut Piccadilly toe, as well as several other spring styles, in tans, reds, blacks, and the white evening Oxford tie. See our assortment of Russian Calf Oxfords, something new and stylish. In Gents shoes we have everything that is new for the spring.

DRY GOODS.

Our stock of spring dress goods and wash goods will please you. The Shantong and Grecian Pongee in wash goods are very pretty; a large assortment of styles and colors to select from Dress Ginghams, Zephyrs, Prints, Cotton Bedfords, Amlines, etc., etc., all new and pretty.

GROCERIES.

Do not forget that our stock is at all times fresh, being replenished daily, we can have nothing but the best to offer you. Fine Creamery Butter always on hand. Flour $1.00, $1.10, $1.30 per sack.

Call at our store, opposite the Court House, and be convinced of our large and carefully selected stock of goods.

A Crayon Portrait Free with every $10.00 purchase.

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

D. C. YOUNG

Invites your attention to his complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Now on exhibition at his store on Main Street. An elegant line of ladies' fashionable

SPRING WRAPS

in all the leading shades, just received from New York. The low prices will astonish you.

In our dress goods department can be found a finer selection than any previous season. The wash goods are beautiful this spring, and the

DOTTED SWISS MULL

takes the lead here as well as in the cities.

From continued in crease in our shoe trade we take it for granted everybody knows where to get the best foot wear at the most reasonable figures. At this season we feel proud to show a finer and much larger assortment of

Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes

than was ever brought into this market. Our $1.80 ladies fine shoes are unequalled, so our customers say.

OUR .·. PRICES

on Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Wall Paper and Shades will interest you.

Don't forget that we always carry a fresh line of Groceries. Try our California fruits.

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, Pa., April 11, 1893.

Your Favorite Home Newspaper

AND

The Leading Republican Paper of the United States,

ONE YEAR FOR ONLY $1.25

McKEAN COUNTY MINER

gives all the news of Town, County and State, and as much National news as any other paper of its class.

The New York Weekly Tribune

is a NATIONAL FAMILY PAPER, and gives all the general news of the United States and the world. It gives the events of foreign lands in a nutshell. It has separate departments for "THE FAMILY CIRCLE," and "OUR YOUNG FOLKS." Its "HOME AND SOCIETY" columns command the admiration of wives and daughters. Its general political news, editorials and discussions are comprehensive, brilliant and exhaustive. Its "AGRICULTURAL" department has no superior in the country. Its "MARKET REPORTS" are recognized authority in all parts of the land.

A SPECIAL CONTRACT enables us to offer this splendid journal and "THE MINER" for one year

For only $1.25, cash in advance

New York Weekly Tribune, regular price per year	$1.00
McKean County Miner, " " "	$1.25
Total	$2.50

WE FURNISH BOTH PAPERS ONE YEAR FOR - $1.25.

Subscriptions may begin at any time

This is the most liberal combination offer ever made in the United States, and every reader of the McKEAN COUNTY MINER should take advantage of it at once. Address all orders to

I. ROGERS & SON,
SMETHPORT, PA.

LOOK -:- HERE.

Read and Be Wise!

On and after April 15, 1892, the undersigned will give every cash customer trading at his store to the amount of $25.00, their choice of one of the following beautiful articles of Silverware free of charge:

Silver Plated Sugar Bowl,
Silver Plated Butter Dish,
Silver Plated Cream Pitcher,
Silver Plated Spoon Holder
Silver Plate Pickle Dish
Set Silver Plated Knives
Set Silver Plated Forks

And an article for each additional $25.00 for a period of from six months to one year, thus giving each one of my customers a chance to secure a whole set of Silverware without costing them a penny. All goods are sold as cheap as the market will allow. Remember the place, corner of Mechanic and Mill streets.

P. D. HOPKINS,

Smethport, Pa., April 14, 1892.

Vick's Floral Guide.

For 1893 we have [illegible] which is a most novel and charming feature in the way of handsome and appropriate poetical quotations from the best authors, making The Poets' Number of Vick's Floral Guide a source of interest and pleasure the whole year. The [illegible] Colored Plates of Alpine Aster, Begonia, Dahlias, Dutchman's Pipe, Clematis, Pansies, Cannas, Corn and Potatoes [illegible] The Golden Nugget Corn [illegible] new Chrysanthemums [illegible] Names and prices of everything [illegible] Cash price [illegible]

JAMES VICK'S SONS, Rochester, N. Y.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT -:- TAILOR,

Cor. King and Fulton Sts.,

SMETHPORT, PA

Keeps an assortment of English and French Goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved Styles, and entire

Satisfactihn Guaranteed.

NEW -:- FURNITURE

SPECHT & SASSE

We have a large stock of the latest designs in furniture and we are able to offer some very attractive bargains. If you want a single piece of furniture or an outfit for your home it will pay you to see our stock

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

before making a purchase elsewhere

Undertaking in all its branches a specialty.

Corner of Main and Union Streets. SMETHPORT.

CONFECTIONERY -:- AND -:- FRUITS!

My present stock of fine candies surpasses any heretofore shown in this section, and embraces all the finer as well as cheaper grades. Among the novelties may be mentioned

BON-BON BOXES, FINE CRYSTALIZED FRUITS,

French Mixed in 5-pound Boxes—Very Fine,

Chocolate Creams of all kinds, etc. Also a complete stock of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

SCENE ON THE QUAY

WONDERS OF THE WORLD

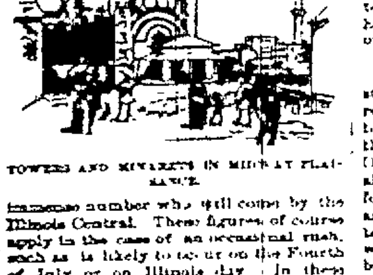
How They Are Displayed at the Columbian Exposition.

ONE DAY AT JACKSON PARK.

A Preliminary Survey Which Gives the Reader an Idea of the Scope of the Fair and How to See It.

Now that we are in Chicago and about to visit the World's fair grounds the question arises, How shall we go? There are a dozen ways of going, but we want to take the quickest way. We are near the Illinois Central station, so let's go over and catch a train. They run one every two minutes on a special track to the fair grounds, and besides the suburban trains take lots of visitors out. There are several roads running to the grounds, among them the Baltimore and Ohio, the Northern Pacific, the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern and the Pennsylvania systems.

Then there are the cable lines and the elevated road, which latter has stations at Sixty-third street and on the roof of the Transportation annex. The cable lines run on Wabash avenue and State street. You can catch a car at any time on either of these streets up town. Will the roads be able to handle all the passenger traffic? That question has been asked thousands of times, and there is only one answer—that is "Yes." At the terminal station alone there are 35 standing tracks for arriving and departing trains, which make facilities for the reception of [illegible] people every hour. The cable lines can handle [illegible] and the elevated road 20,000 more, [illegible] the 30,000 or 40,000 who can be taken care of by the steamship lines, and the



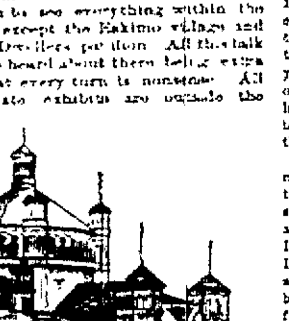
TOWERS AND MINARETS IN MIDWAY PLAISANCE.

immense number who will come by the Illinois Central. These figures of course apply in the case of an occasional rush, such as is likely to occur on the Fourth of July or on Illinois day. In these emergencies the transportation facilities are equal to the task of accommodating at least 1,000,000 people.

A Glimpse of Midway Plaisance.

Here we are at Midway plaisance. This is about as good a place to disembark as any, and it is one of the features of the fair besides. The entrance is on Cottage Grove avenue on which street the cable lines run. Washington park is just beyond. Midway plaisance is nearly a mile in length. As we enter the grounds the first structure that greets our eyes is the Women's building. This is headquarters for the women of the world, and a visit to it will teach us much about the advancement of the sex in this day and age.

Before we go any farther you may as well know that no admission fee entitles you to see everything within the grounds except the Eskimo village and the Cliff Dwellers pavilion. All this talk you have heard about there being extra charges at every turn is nonsense. All the private exhibits are outside the

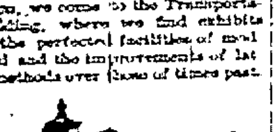


ENTRANCE TO THE FISHERIES BUILDING.

grounds proper in Midway plaisance and elsewhere, and it is entirely optional with the visitor to see them or let them alone.

Here we halt and see the children's exhibit, and now we are at the Horticultural building. This is the greatest horticultural display ever gathered together, and from all parts of the world, of course.

This is Choral hall, where some of the greatest musical artists of the world will be heard during the progress of the fair. Passing on, we come to the Transportation building, where we find exhibits showing the perfected facilities of modern travel and the improvements of latter day methods over those of times past.



LA RABIDA.

Now comes the Mines and Mining building. Here are shown ancient and modern methods of mining, and here are gathered the greatest imaginable variety and wealth of exhibits from all the great mining states and territories, from Alaska, Australia, Africa and all over the earth. This is one of the displays that it takes time to see.

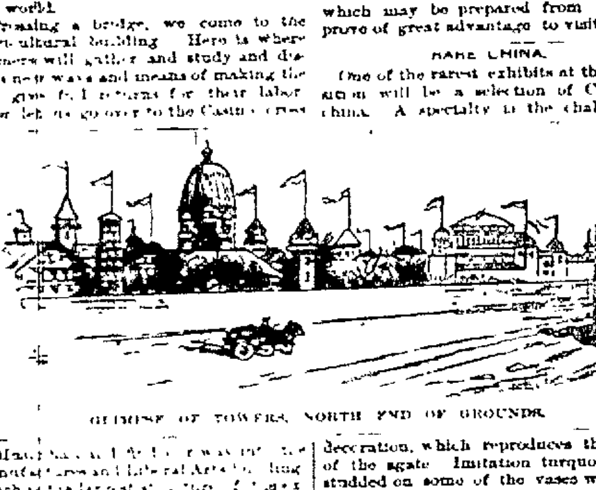
The Electrical Exhibit.

And now the electrical exhibit. What a contrast with that of the centennial! After this a short tour about the Administration building, and then for Machinery hall. We cannot now could not make any sort of a complete inspection of this building if we put in every day here during the fair, but we will take a layman's look about. From here we pass to the Stock pavilion. In this vicinity are gathered oil and lumber exhibits, etc.

Passing toward the south end of the grounds, we look at the displays of agricultural implements, windmills, etc., and this brings us to the dairy barns and on to the great stock exhibit. When we have gone through that, we return by way of the power house to the south east corner of the grounds. Here are the forestry, dairy and leather exhibits in succession.

Passing the great Krupp gun exhibit, we come to an Indian school, and beyond, on the point, is the Monasterio de la Rabida, a reproduction of the convent in Spain of that name in which Columbus once took refuge in time of trouble, and where he is said to have evolved his theories as to the existence of the western world.

Crossing a bridge, we come to the Agricultural building. Here is where farmers will gather and study and discuss new ways and means of making the soil give full returns for their labor. Now let us go over to the Casino, cross



GLIMPSE OF TOWERS, NORTH END OF GROUNDS.

to Manufactures and Liberal Arts building which is the largest structure [illegible] position and [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] casual stay at that. From here we go through the Government building, then to the naval exhibit, and here we are at North pier. It is but a short walk from here, past some of the foreign buildings, to the [illegible] exhibit. This is very interesting [illegible] how the [illegible] out streets of [illegible] lakes and ponds.

The Art Galleries and State Buildings.

We will go now to the Art galleries, stopping at the Illinois building on route. This state will see lots of visitors on Illinois day. That dome sets off the pile to good advantage, doesn't it? On the way to the Art galleries we pass also the state buildings of Indiana, California, Wisconsin, Colorado, Michigan and Ohio. Our tour of the Art galleries takes a long time of course. And now we have been through all the main buildings. Now a walk through the north end of the grounds, where all the state buildings are located, and a special visit to the Eskimos and the building of our native state, and we walk south again.

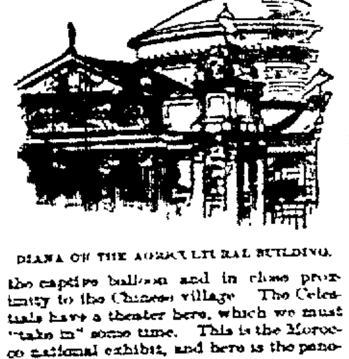
Here in the long stretch of ground between the gate and Cottage Grove avenue are gathered miscellaneous exhibits and amusements of various kinds, for seeing and indulging in which one pays fees varying from 10 to 25 cents and in the cases of the Hagenbeck animal show, the panorama of Kilauea and the captive balloon more are charged. Seats to see the performances at the animal show all cost from [illegible] cents to $1. The panorama fee is 50 [illegible] and the trip in the captive balloon costs the visitor $2.

Well, what have we on this side as we walk out toward Cottage Grove avenue? Here on the left we pass the Irish village exhibit, the Hagenbeck animal show, the Dutch settlement (there is more of this on the other side of the plaisance, you see), the natatorium, the panorama of the Bernese Alps and the Turkish village. This is the Moorish palace. There is $1,000,000 in gold coin exhibited in there.

Now we come to the ice railway, and next to the Chinese teahouse passing by the French cider press, the fire and guard station and two or three minor exhibits, and here we are at the Austrian village. I am more interested however, in the Dahomeyan village just beyond. These are some of the colored ladies who have had disagreements with our French friends. Along here are the Roman house, the Hungarian orpheum and other things and these passed we are at the nursery exhibit and at the end of Midway plaisance.

Poor Lo and His Cousins.

Here on our way back we find Poor Lo and his cousins from India hobnobbing together in adjoining villages, next to



DIANA ON THE AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

the captive balloon and in close proximity to the Chinese village. The Celestials have a theater here, which we must "take in" some time. This is the Morocco national exhibit, and here is the panorama of the volcano Kilauea.

This represents a street in Cairo, and here is the German village, made up of houses of mediaeval times partly, the modern buildings being representative of different parts of the empire. Now comes the other half of the Dutch village, beyond which are the Japanese bazaar and the glass works.

This is the end of our rather swift tour of the World's fair. Of course we have had but a superficial look at the greatest exposition the world ever conceived. To study it thoroughly means a work of months, even if one give his attention only to those things that interest him most. But we have been through the fair and have seen it in a way. Now, if you have time to study and enjoy it, you know how to go about it systematically from the survey you have made. This preliminary survey is advisable even if you have plenty of time to spend, for it will save you more than a little annoyance and confusion in your after studies of the World's fair.

A MODEL KITCHEN.

The Illinois woman's exposition board will conduct a model kitchen in the Women's building. Mrs. Richard J. Oglesby has planned the work to illustrate the value of corn, one of the chief food products of Illinois. Lessons in the scientific and hygienic preparation of food will be given such as involves no loss of nutriment or useless expenditure of personal energy or fuel. All the modern contrivances for saving labor and annoyance will, as far as possible, be in actual use. It is believed a better knowledge of the nutritive properties of the cereal, and the many excellent dishes which may be prepared from it will prove of great advantage to visitors.

RARE CHINA.

One of the rarest exhibits at the exposition will be a selection of Coalport china. A specialty is the chalcedony decoration, which reproduces the hues of the agate. Imitation turquoises are studded on some of the vases with fine effect.

GRACE DARLING'S BOAT.

The little boat in which Grace Darling went to the rescue of the passenger steamer Forfarshire on the rocks of Farne island Sept. 6 and 7, 1838, will be one of the many interesting exhibits in the Transportation building at the fair.

EUROPEAN NEWSPAPERS.

The subject of "The Public Press In Russia" will be presented in the world's public press congress by M. Constantine Rakouza de Soustcheffsky, the imperial Russian commissioner and "The Public Press of Italy" by Signor V. Zeggio, the royal Italian commissioner. M. Alexis de Kobelatzky, member of the Russian imperial commission, will contribute a paper on the great Transsiberian railway. Dr. Panagio G. Flambolis, resident priest of the Greek church, will present the faith and distinguishing characteristics of the Greek church in the world's parliament of religions.

Sailed the Seas 35 Years.

Capt. A. P. Lord is a prominent resident of Hampden, Me. For 35 years he sailed the seas and upon retiring from that calling was appointed by the U. S. government to superintend its interests in the Alaska seal fisheries, a position he held two years. In speaking of his experience, he says: "For several years I was greatly troubled with nervousness, and a pain in the region of my heart. It was almost impossible for me to get rest and sleep. Physicians from New York to San Francisco did me no good, but Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure speedily and completely cured me. I owe my present and excellent health to them."

$25,000 in Premiums.

Offered by Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. of St. Louis Mo. The one guessing nearest the number of people who will attend the World's Fair gets $5,000.00, the second $1,000.00, etc. The Star tobacco tags entitle you to a guess. Ask your dealer for particulars or send for circular.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever, corns and skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Frank R. Foster, Druggist.

Wanted.

Agents to sell our choice and hardy Nursery stock. We have many special varieties both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen,
Rochester, N. Y.

"There is salve for every wound." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures burns, bruises, cuts, indolent sores as a local application in the nostrils it cures catarrh, and always cures piles. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist Smethport.

Bad complexion indicates an unhealthy state of the system. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the pills that will cure this. They act on the liver, they act on the stomach act on the bowels. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Whooping Cough.

Humphreys' specific No. 20 may be considered as absolutely infallible for the cure of whooping cough. It allays the irritation, moderates the cough and so cures the disease.

It is a truth in medicine that the smallest dose that performs a cure is the best. DeWitt's Little Risers are the smallest pill that will perform a cure, and are the best. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

In Henry and Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment is combined the curative properties of the different oils, with the healing qualities of Arnica. Good for man and animal. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold by H. C. Wells.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone stifles, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

It looks now as if the landlords would need the sympathy rather than their guests during the World's fair. One of the Chicago papers has been gathering statistics and announces that 288 new buildings have been erected in the vicinity of Jackson park, which contain 33,945 rooms. This of course is exclusive of the old hotels and boarding houses and of the "furnished rooms" which are available for transient use during the months of the fair. Doubtless there are 50,000 rooms available for strangers near the grounds. There will be no reason for people to sleep on the ground, or even on hotel cots, provided they have money enough to procure lodgings, and the indications are that the amount required to secure such accommodation will not be exorbitant. Competition will force a reasonable scale.

Tabulated by their capacity to accommodate guests, the World's fair hotels make up this list:

Capacity in rooms.	No. of hotels.
Between 25 and 50	64
Between 50 and 100	74
Between 100 and 150	54
Between 150 and 200	16
Between 200 and 250	20
Between 250 and 300	16
Between 300 and 350	12
Between 350 and 400	6
Between 400 and 500	11
Between 500 and 600	1
Between 700 and 1,100	7
Grand total	288

Omitting the cheaper and smaller structures of less than 25-room capacity, the hotels can be classed by material used in construction as follows:

Brick	100
Wood	60
Stone	20
Stone and brick	12
Wood and iron	1
Wood and brick	3
Staff	1

Estimates as to the cost of the hotels in the World's fair district range from $3,500,000 to $4,000,000. Well versed builders who have been over the ground state that the latter figures are not too high. It would be interesting if the amount of money received by the hotel companies in advance payment for accommodations could be computed. Only here and there will their officers give out the figures. Those who have had much to do with the enterprises on the outside give the total at about $1,500,000. From the sale of memberships alone one so called club took in $125,000. Substantial improvements are pointed out as having been made with the money received from agents, who have sold accommodations from one end of the country to the other.

In architecture there is an almost limitless range. The temporary structures are of wood or of staff. Where the buildings are to be continued in use as large family hotels or apartment houses stone has entered largely into the construction. The largest of the hotels is the Great Eastern, which will have 1,100 rooms and will cover a space 300 by 600 feet.

While it is undoubtedly true that a number of the more unscrupulous of the newly made bonifaces of Chicago may overcharge or swindle unwary guests, the fact remains that no visitor who goes to Chicago with plans well matured and uses ordinary discretion will be subjected to extortion. Those who use no forethought must not complain if they meet trouble.

The best hotels will not advance rates, and in fact there is every evidence that Chicago intends to display unselfish hospitality to all comers. The Palmer House some time ago set an excellent example by posting a notice that there would be no advance in prices on account of the World's fair and no reductions during that period, also that contracts for rooms would be entered into at once. Some of the higher class of apartment houses served notice on their tenants that rents would be raised May 1 for all leases running less than one year. There may be some hotels whose proprietors will be short sighted and greedy enough to increase their prices, but the general disposition is to adopt the same plan as that of the Palmer House and charge only regular rates.

Those who contemplate visiting the exposition can make arrangements for rooms at prices to suit themselves. They can spend 50 cents for a bed or secure a luxurious apartment for $5 per night. For $1 a comfortable bed in a clean and airy room can be secured for two persons. Rooms can be selected without difficulty a few hours after arriving in the city, for extensive preparations are being made to rent rooms, and hundreds of houses will be found on nearly every residence street where rooms can be secured.

Concerning the cost of meals, would be visitors should first consult their appetites. A breakfast of coffee, rolls and a sandwich will cost 15 cents in the down town restaurants. A supper with "Cardinal" Bemis at the Richelieu, such as can be obtained in no other city in America, will cost $20. These are the extremes. One can go from the first to the second, or arrangements can be made for three meals that will cost an average of 85 cents each, and they will be sufficient.

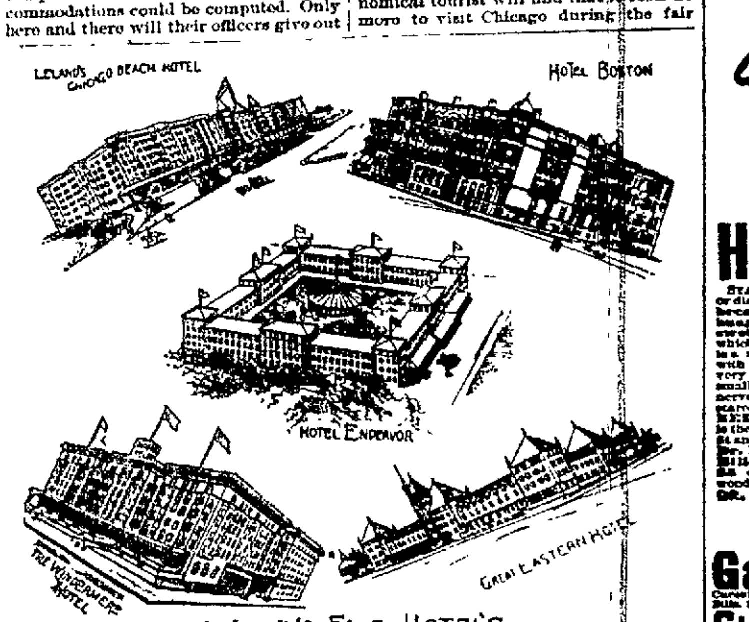
Visitors to the fair are advised to engage rooms without board and take their meals where they see fit. They will find it very inconvenient to be at their boarding houses at mealtimes, and those who contract for board will find that they are paying for meals that they cannot be on hand to eat. Visitors will find that they can live more cheaply and with more comfort by taking their meals at restaurants.

The city proper is well provided with restaurants of all grades in convenient locations, and hundreds of dining rooms have been established in and about the grounds. Mr. Gage, who has the chief catering contract, estimates that his company will be called upon to feed an average of 80,000 people a day. To do this will require tables seating 12,000 and lunch counters for 4,000 more. Assuming the fair to be open he will require 30,000 pounds of dressed beef from a stock yards firm and 3½ tons of ham for his sandwiches, to say nothing of 60 barrels of flour for the bakery establishment and other things in proportion.

While there will be any number of restaurants on the ground operated by other companies and individuals, from the Casino to the Midway plaisance, the Wellington Catering company will have the biggest share in the feeding of the multitude. The amount of space allotted to the company is 137,692 square feet, distributed among the 16 main buildings. In addition a piece of ground has been secured, north of Sixty-seventh street, 325 feet long by 125 deep, upon which a 2-story building will serve as a supply house and kitchen.

There seems to have been a wrong impression conveyed to the outside public concerning the North and West Sides of the city. It will be an easy matter after getting to Chicago to get out to the World's fair grounds, and it is not necessary to live in the immediate vicinity in order to see the fair comfortably. Electric cross town lines are nearly ready for operation on Sixty-third, Forty-seventh and Thirty-fifth streets. These will make rapid and easy means of getting from the West Side over to the grounds. On the North Side there are a number of cable lines by which the visitors can come down town in the morning and then take any one of the many routes to the grounds. There is but little advantage in living on the South Side, and visitors will do well to dispense with the idea that they can be comfortably located only on that side of the city. Visitors can secure rooms on the West Side or North Side at a much cheaper rate than is demanded for South Side apartments.

After all, the mere cost of living in Chicago is but an unimportant item in the expenses of a visit to the fair. Now that the fear of being unable to secure comfortable accommodations has been dissipated, the prospective visitor may proceed with his calculations with the element of worry eliminated. The economical tourist will find that it costs no more to visit Chicago during the fair than it would at any other time, but the visitor who is disposed to enjoy the good things of life will find plenty of snares laid for his pocketbook. His expenditures for amusements and luxuries may only be limited by his desires or his financial ability.



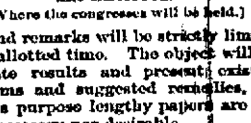
WORLD'S FAIR HOTELS

WORLD'S CONGRESSES.

While the Columbian exposition at Jackson park is designed to stimulate and satisfy the material wants of mankind, a series of more than 100 moral and intellectual expositions, or conventions, have been arranged for this summer in Chicago. The avowed object of the World's Congress auxiliary in organizing these international congresses is to establish fraternal relations among the leaders of mankind, review the progress already achieved, state the living problems now awaiting solution and suggest the means of further progress.

In other words, the spirit of what is called university extension is the spirit of this international congress scheme. The familiar mottoes under which it is being advanced are, "Not things, but men," and "Not matter, but mind."

To make the proceedings of the various congresses as worthy of a worldwide publication as possible, to reduce as far as practicable the expense of such publication, to prevent repetitions of matter and duplicate assignments of speakers, to secure such a strength and force of treatment as will insure the widest reading, and to secure a just representation of all the participating countries, the themes to be presented in the various congresses will be selected with a view to make a complete and orderly treatment of the general subject embraced in the department. The programmes of the different departments and divisions will be carefully compared, and all papers and remarks will be strictly limited to an allotted time. The object will be to state results and present existing problems and suggested remedies, and for this purpose lengthy papers are neither necessary nor desirable.



ART INSTITUTE.
(Where the congresses will be held.)

The congresses have been arranged in the following order:

May—Woman's Progress, The Public Press, Medicine and Surgery.
June—Temperance, Moral and Social Reform, Commerce and Finance.
July—Music, Literature, Education.
August—Engineering, Art, Architecture, etc., Government, Law Reform, Political Science, etc., General Department, Science and Philosophy.
September—Labor, Religions, Missions and Church Societies, Sunday Rest.
October—Public Health, Agriculture.

DOLLS TO ILLUSTRATE SURGERY.

The Bloomsbury Homoeopathic hospital of London will have a singular exhibit at the fair. It is a collection of dolls to illustrate the advantages of various surgical appliances. They are suffering from broken bones and all sorts of injuries, and are fitted with splints and other appliances and placed in such attitudes as actual patients would be made to assume.

The most intelligent people of our community recognize in DeWitt's Little Early Riser's pills of unequaled merit, for dyspepsia, headache and consumption very small, perfect in action. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Palmer & Church,

Livery, Feed and Sale

STABLES.

Largest, Best Equipped and Most Complete Livery Establishment in McKean county.

Prompt attention to orders by wire.

HEART DISEASE!

STATISTICS show that one in FOUR has a weak or diseased Heart. The first symptoms are short breath, oppression, fluttering, faint and hungry spells, pain in side, then smothering, swollen ankles, dropsy (and death,) for which DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE is a marvelous remedy. "I have been troubled with heart disease for years, my left pulse was very weak, could at times scarcely feel it, the smallest excitement would always weaken my nerves and heart and a fear of impending death stared me in the face for hours. DR. MILES' NERVINE and NEW HEART CURE is the only medicine that has proved of any benefit and cured me.—L. M. Dyer, Cloverdale, Md. Dr. Miles' Liver Pills are a sure remedy for Biliousness and Torpid Liver. 50 Doses 25 cents. Fine book on Heart Disease, with wonderful cures Free at druggists, or address DR. MILES' MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SOLD BY A. B. ARMSTRONG.

Garfield Tea

Overcomes results of bad eating;

Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Cures Constipation

T. H. PURTLE

General Blacksmithing,

CARRIAGE AND WAGGON WORK

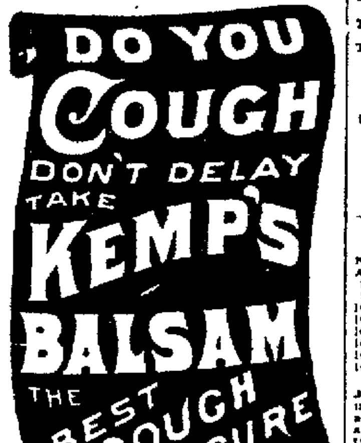
WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA

Having bought out the carriage and wagon making business of John Servatius I am now prepared to do all work in the above lines.

CARRIAGE PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done by the aid of competent workmen. I am able to turn out first class work at moderate prices.

Agent for Edmund's Celebrated Hoof Expander, a positive cure for contracted feet. A reward of $500 will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this contrivance.



Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

Horses For Sale.

10 head good, sound, young horses—Workers and Drivers—All around general purpose stock at very favorable prices.

PALMER & CHURCH.

Smethport, Pa., Feb. 10th, 1893.

INSURANCE

Life, Fire and Accident written by

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CLERMONT MAIL ... 7 12 a. m.
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LOCAL ... [illegible]

Clermont Mail connects there [illegible] burgh.

Get Time Tables giving [illegible]
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M. BELL, Gen'l Sup't
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass. Agt., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between Bradford, Kane, & the [illegible] county oil field.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE [illegible]

WESTWARD. EASTWARD.

p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	STATIONS.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 45		9 30	ar..Bradford..lv	7 15		2 45
7 05		8 52	Kinzua Junct'n	8 [illegible]		2 44
6 57		8 45	Aiken	8 40		3 [illegible]
6 45		8 25	Davis	8 12		4 [illegible]
6 37		8 21	Simpson	8 [illegible]		[illegible]
6 2[illegible]		8 13	Crosby	[illegible]		[illegible]
6 10		7 35	Smethport	9 10		[illegible]
5 55		7 20	Mt. Jewett	9 30		[illegible]
5 10		6 30	Kane	10 1[illegible]		[illegible]
4 45			Carleton	10 55		
4 34			Spring Creek	11 04		
4 17			Burdfield J.	11 40		
4 05			Watson	11 51		
3 20			Marienville	12 55		
3 05			Clarion	2 37		
12 15			Foxburg	3 47		
11 40			Parker	4 00		
11 30			Petrolia	4 25		
11 05			Karns	4 [illegible]		
10 40			Millerstown	4 [illegible]		
10 40			Butler	5 35		
6 15			Wildwood	7 05		
7 30			Allegheny	7 45		
a. m.				p. m.		

JNO. C. McKENNA
Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway

THE SHORT LINE

Between, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania.

On and after Nov. 13, 1892, passenger trains will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett, daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND

7.00 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

2.30 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

2.30 p. m.—Buffalo Express—Sundays only. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND

9.07 a. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

1.40 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

5.15 p. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or

D. LUNDERGAN, Agent Bradford, Pa.
EDWARD C. LAPEY
J. H. BARRETT, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Gen'l Superintendent, Rochester, N.Y.
Bradford, Pa.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, June 6, 1891

AR. EASTW'D.			STATIONS.	L'V WEST'WD		
A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
11.00	8.02	1.03	Coudersport	8.20	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.57	8.01	1.01	Pine Creek Jc.	8.22	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.57	7.56	12.56	Hammond	8.24	1 51	[illegible]
10.51	7.56	12.55	Fish Basket	8.28	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.47	7.54	12.48	Olmsted	8.30	1 40	[illegible]
10.41	7.50	12.47	Mina	8.34	1 45	[illegible]
10.32	7.41	12.40	Knowlton	8.40	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.27	7.40	12.35	Roulette	8.46	2 02	[illegible]
10.14	7.32	12.24	Burtville	8.55	2 1[illegible]	[illegible]
10.05	7.25	12.16	Coleman	9.02	2 2[illegible]	[illegible]
10.00	7.20	12.11	Port Allegany	9.05	2 3[illegible]	[illegible]

PINE CREEK DIVISION.

2.08 p m	6 15 a m	Coudersport	a m 7.10	[illegible]
2 11	6 18	Pine Creek Junction	7.07	[illegible]
2 17	6 24	Fair Grounds	7 02	[illegible]
1.20	6.27	Ladona	6.54	[illegible]
.25	6.35	Sweden Valley	6 50	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Dec 18, 1892.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8.25 a. m.—Train 4, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., New York 9.35 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington 8.15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

3.25 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m., New York 7.[illegible] a. m., Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 a. m.

9.05 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9.[illegible] a. m., Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7.[illegible] a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

5.15 a. m.—Train 1, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3.00 p. m. for Erie.

10.30 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7.05 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH

Train 1 leaves Renovo 6:35 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc. 8:15 a. m.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:15 a. m., Washington [illegible] a. m. 7:[illegible] Baltimore 8:45 a.m. daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7:00 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane.

Train 3, leaves New York 5:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m. Baltimore 11:40 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium June. 10:20 a.m. with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.

NORTH A. M. Lv.	STATIONS.	SOUTH Ar. A. M.
9 40	Ridgway	[illegible]
9 55	Johnsonburg	[illegible]
10 10	Glen Hazel	[illegible]
10 19	Straight	[illegible]
10 24	Instanter	[illegible]
10 30	Smith's Run	[illegible]
10 37	Woodvale	[illegible]
10 45	Clermont	[illegible]

Connections are made with train 1, leaving Johnsonburg at 3.15 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 8.00 p. m. also at Ridgway with train 6, leaving Ridgway at 1.53 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

DRUGS,

Patent Medicines,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.

Prescriptions promptly filled.

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AGENTS, local and traveling, at once, for Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Fruits. Experience unnecessary. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent positions. No security required. Must furnish reference as to good character. CHARLES H. CHASE, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this paper.

ONE DOLLAR
EVERY HOUR

is easily earned by any one of either sex in any part of the country, who is willing to work industriously at the employment which we furnish. The labor is light and pleasant, and you run no risk whatever. We fit you out complete, so that you can give the business a trial without expense to yourself. For those willing to do a little work, this is the grandest offer made. You can work all day, or in the evening only. If you are employed, and have a few spare hours at your disposal, utilize them, and add to your income—our business will not interfere at all. You will be amazed on the start at the rapidity and ease by which you amass dollar upon dollar, day in and day out. Even beginners are successful from the first hour. Any one can run the business—none fail. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business which we offer. No capital risked. Women are grand workers; nowadays they make as much as men. They should try this business, as it is so well adapted to them. Write at once and see for yourself. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, Portland, Me.